June 1, 1960

## POWER AMPLIFIER TRIODE TYPE 7255

The 7255 is a three element power amplifier and oscillator tube especially designed for operation with lower voltage power supplies. Its high perveance structure permits the generation of 6 kilowatts at a plate voltage of only 5 kilovolts at excellent efficiency. Outputs of 13-1/2 kilowatts are obtainable at 9 kilovolts.

The anode design features an integral water jacket with an internal spiral water diverter which maintains turbulence of cooling water. This prevents the occurrence of anode hot spots and accounts for high power density capability of the tube. The 7255 will dissipate 9 kilowatts with only 3-3/4 gallons per minute and still provides ample safety margin for instantaneous overloads.

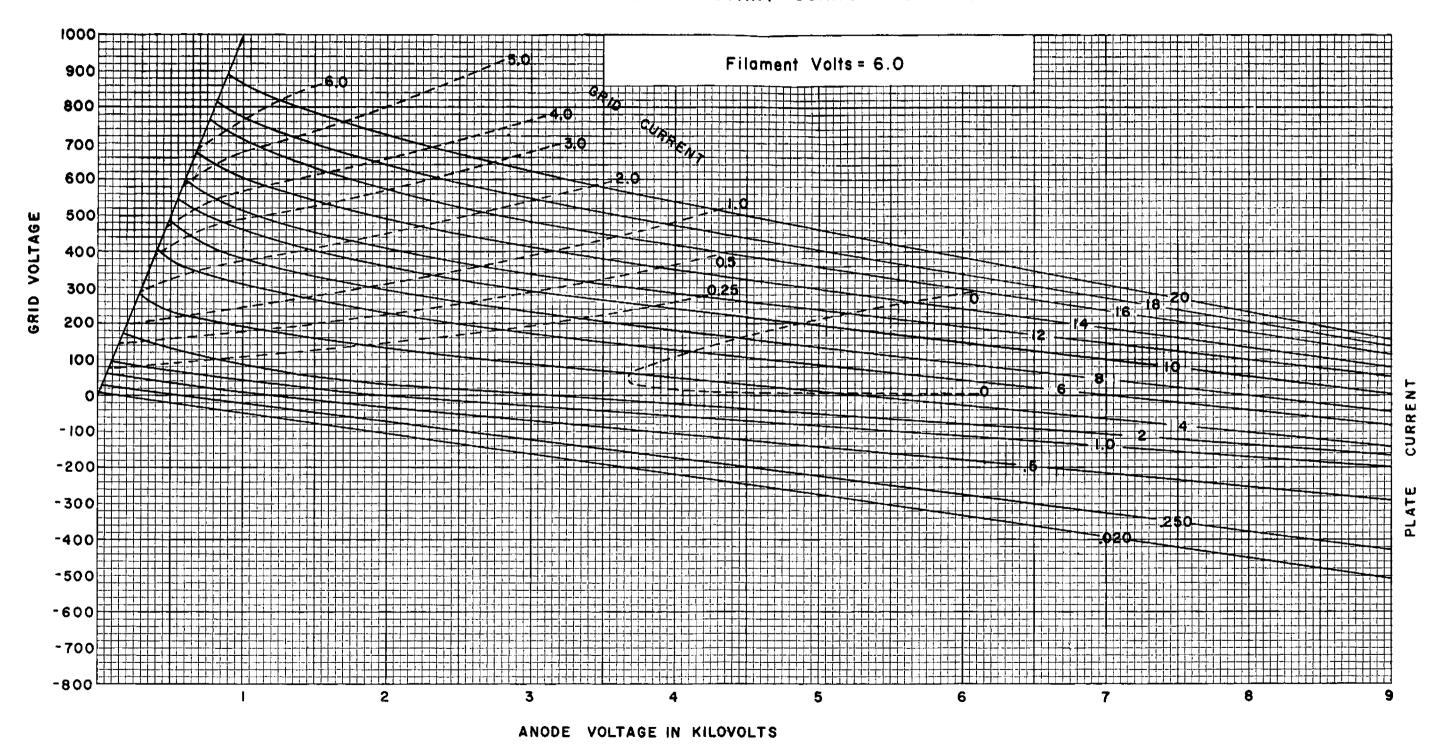
The filament structure incorporates a unique spring loaded high efficiency design. The high efficiency thoriated tungsten filament provides 50 amperes peak emission at only 350 watts of filament power. The rugged spring loaded structure inhibits sagging and breaking of filament strands thus insuring long life and uniformity of characteristics with life.

These features make the 7255 a particularly attractive design for induction and dielectric heating applications. The internal structure is very precisely designed and production controls assure uniformity from tube to tube. These design features are reflected in a high degree of uniformity of performance in class B and class C RF power amplifier and oscillator operation. Ratings apply to 30 megacycles.

GENERAL DATA				RADIO-FREQUENCY POWER AMPLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR,		
ELECTRICAL:				CLASS C TELEGRAPHY		
min,	bogey	max.		(Key-down conditions per tube without amplitude	modulați	on)
Filament Voltage 5.7	6.0	6.3	Volts			
Filament Current 57	60	63	Amp.	MAXIMUM RATINGS:		
Filament Starting Current	-	300	Amp.	Absolute Maximum Values		
Filament Cold Resistance	0.016	•	Ohms	DC Plate Voltage 92	00 max.	Volts
Amplification Factor 18	22	26			.o max.	Amp.
Interelectrode Capacitances:				Plate Input	)O max.	Watts
Grid to Plate	16	21	$\mu\mu$	Plate Dissipation, 90	DQ max.	Watts
Grid to Filoment	19	22	$\mu\mu$ f	DC Grid Voltage	00 max.	Volts
Plate to Filament 0,2	0.80	1.0	$\mu \mu$ f	DC Grid Current	.5 max.	Amp.
MECHANICAL:				TYPICAL OPERATION:		
Mounting Position Vertical, Anode Down				DC Plate Voltage 5000 90	00	Volts
Type of Cooling Water and Forced Air			DC Grid Voltage800 -14	00	Volts	
Min. Required Water Flow:				Peak Radio-Frequency Grid Voltage . 1240 18	50	Volts
Plate Dissipation 3	6	9	ΚW		.0	Amp.
Water Flow in Gallons per Minute.	2	3.75	gpm	DC Grid Current	18	Amp.
Pressure Drop 0.85	1.9	7	in. psi	Driving Power, approx 480 3	37	Watts
Required Air Flow on Filament and				Power Output, approx 6430 136	00	Watts
Grid Seals						
Max. Glass Temperature 180 °C						
Net Weight, approx		1-3/4	lbs.			

High Vacuum Amplifier Section

## AVERAGE CONSTANT-CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS



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