90EG4

Oscilloscope Tube

Electrostatic Focus. Electrostatic Deflection

Data

General:
Heater: Voltage .... 4.0 .... a.c. or d.c. volts.
Current .......... 1.0 .... amp.
Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances.
Modulator to all other electrodes .... 25\mu f.
Each X Plate to all other electrodes .... 25\mu f.
Each Y Plate to all other electrodes .... 25\mu f.
One X to one Y Deflector Plate .... 6\mu f.
Cathode to all other electrodes .... 15\mu f.
Screen:
Fluorescence .... Green.
Persistence of Afterglow .... Short.
(10m sec. min./100m sec. max. for 1% initial brightness).
Focusing Method .... Electrostatic.
Deflecting Method .... Electrostatic.
Overall Length .... 332 ± 8 mm.
Greatest Diameter of Bulb .... 90 mm.
Minimum Useful Screen Diameter .... 70 mm.
Mounting Position .... Any.
Base .... B.12.D.

Pin 1—Modulator.
Pin 2—Cathode.
Pin 3—Heater.
Pin 4—Heater.
Pin 5—Anode 1.
Pin 6—Anode 2.
Pin 7—No connection.
Pin 8—Y2.
Pin 9—X2.
Pin 10—Anode 3 and Internal Conductive coating.
Pin 11—X1.
Pin 12—Y1.

Typical Operating Conditions:
Anode 1 .... 2000 volts. .... 2000 volts.
Anode 2 .... 700 volts. .... 350 volts.
Anode 3 (5000v. max.) .... 4000 volts. .... 2000 volts.
Modulator volts for cut-off 
-40 to -80 volts. 

Deflection Sensitivity:
X Plate .... 0.085 .... 0.170
Y Plate .... 0.190 .... 0.380

Note 2. The angle between the trace produced by X1 and X2 and the trace produced by Y1 and Y2 is 90° ± 3°.

Note 3. The undeflected focused spot will fall within a circle having a 6 mm, radius concentric with the centre of the tube face.
Note 1. When viewing the screen with the tube positioned such that the base spigot is uppermost, a positive voltage applied to the terminal X1 will deflect the spot to the left and a positive voltage applied to the terminal Y1 will deflect the spot upwards.