MINISTRY OF AVIATION - DLRD/RRE

VALVE ELECTRONIC

Specification MA/CW6026 Issue 18 dated 5th November, 1962. To be read in conjunction with K1001. Specification Walve Unclassified										
TYPE OF VALVE - Pulse hydrogen thyratron, CATHODE - Unipotential, connected to mid point of heater. Glass FROTOTYPE - Glass FROTOTYPE - VX3250 RATIN: RATIN: RATIN: RESERVOIR heater voltage (VRMS) - VX3250 RESERVOIR heater voltage (VRMS) - VX3250 RESERVOIR heater current, Vn = 12V (A) 31 Max. peak anode voltage, (Ve) W 25 Max. peak anode voltage, (Ve) W 25 Max. peak anode voltage, (Ve) W 25 Max. peak anode current (A) 3 Max. man anode current (A) 3 Max. rate of rise of anode current A/us (A) 2000 Max. (Fid trigger voltage (V) 1000 Max. pulse length et max. peak Current (us) Max. pulse length et max. peak Current (us) Max. pulse length et max. peak Current (us) Max. pulse repetition frequency (pp) Min. heating time for cathode and reservoir heaters before application of anode voltage (Minutes) DATA Typical anode delay time (Ms) 0.45 Max. anode delay time (Ms) 0.77 Rypical anode delay time (Ms) 0.77 Rypical anode delay time (Ms) 0.77 Max. anode delay time drift (Ms) 30 Max. anode	Issue 1B dated 5th November, 1962.	Specification Valve								
CATHORE - Unipotential, connected to mid point of heater. ENVELOFE - Glass PROTOTYFE - VX3250 RATING RATING RATING RESERVOIR - Glass PROTOTYFE - VX3250 RATING RESERVOIR heater voltage (VRMS) - VXMS) 5. 0+ 75% M (VRMS) 5. 0+ 75% M (VRM	DENOTES A CHANGE									
Cathode heater voltage Reservoir heater voltage (VRMS) 5. 0. 7 7 7 8 M Cathode heater current, Vh = 12V (A) 31 Reservoir heater current, Vr = 5V (A) 4. 15 Reservoir heater current, Vr = 5V (A) 4. 15 Max. peak anode voltage, (Va) Max. peak anode current (Ia) Max. peak anode current (Ia) Max. rate of rise of anode current A/us Max. grid negative bias (V) Max. pulse length at max. peak Current (us) Max. pulse length at max. peak Current (us) Max. pulse length at max. peak Current (us) Min. heating time for cathode and reservoir heaters before application of anode voltage Typical anode delay time Max. anode delay time Max. anode delay time Max. anode delay time drift Approximate jitter Notes Reservoir heater voltage (VRMS) 5. 0. 7 7 7 8 M M FLYING LEAD CONNECTIONS COLOUR ELECTRODE Black Cathode (HCT) Heaters for Fellow Heaters for Brown reservoir Red Heater for Brown reservoir Red Heaters for Fellow Heaters for Mellow Heaters for Fellow Heater	CATHODE - Unipotential, connected to mid point of heater. ENVELOPE - Glass PROTOTYPE - VX3250	K1001/5 Serial No.								
Reservoir heater voltage (VRMS) 5.0. 7 M M Cathode heater current, Vr = 12V (A) 37 Reservoir heater current, Vr = 5V (A) 4.15 Max.peak anode voltage, (Va) kV 25 Max.peak anode current (A) Max.quarent (A) 3 Max.quarent (A) 4 Max.		See Fig 5 on Page 9.								
	Reservoir heater voltage Cathode heater current, Vh = 12V Reservoir heater current, Vr = 5V. (A) 4.15 Max. peak anode voltage, (Va) Max. peak anode current, (Ia) Max. peak anode current, (Ia) Max. (½Va x Ia x PRF) Max. rate of rise of anode current A/us Max. rate of rise of anode current A/us Max. grid negative bias Max. pulse length at max. peak Current (us) Max. pulse repetition frequency Min. heating time for cathode and reservoir heaters before application of anode voltage Minutes DATA Typical anode delay time Max. anode delay time drift (mus) Max. anode delay time drift (mus)	COLOUR Black Cathode (HCT) Yellow Heaters for Yellow Cathode Red Heater for Brown reservoir Blue Baffle White Grid TC Anode. See Note D DIMENSIONS (INCHES) Max overall length 17 5/16 Max glass dia 5½ Max mounting flange 6 1/32 See Fig 5 Page 9. MOUNTING POSITION With anode uppermost, the axis of the valve shall be within 90 of the vertical COOLING See Note A JOINT SERVICE CATALOGUE NO								

NOTES

A. The temperature of the anode cooler one inch from the free end, as shown by the temperature indicating point shall not exceed 90° C to ensure that the glass-to-metal seal does not exceed 140° C.

As an indication, when the valve is operating under the conditions specified for the tests on page 4, and when the inlet air temperature is 40° C the air flow required is about 12 cu. ft. per minute. Under these conditions the pressure is about $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches head of water.

- B. During the cathode warm up, the cathode heater voltage should be 12V ± 7%. After application of anode voltage the cathode heater voltage should be adjusted to a value inside the dashed lines in Fig 1 on page 7, corresponding to the mean power supply current. This adjustment should be made not less than 5 minutes and not more than 15 minutes after reaching the required mean power supply current.
- C. Defined as the maximum instantaneous rate of rise of current, i.e. di/dt max. and measured with a mutual inductor in the anode lead.
- D. No part of theattached anode lead shall be within 1" of the glass envelope.
- E. For ambient temperatures in the range $+5^{\circ}$ C to $+70^{\circ}$ C. For ambient temperatures in the range of 0°C to $+5^{\circ}$ C the time should be increased to 15 minutes and for ambient temperatures in the range -5° C to 0°C the time should be increased to 20 minutes.
- F. Refers to the unloaded trigger pulse measured with respect to cathode potential.
- G. This rating applies, providing the inverse voltage during the first microsecond following the pulse does not exceed K x Ka, where K is a constant and has the walue 0.18.
- H. The anode voltage must be raised gradually. The time taken to reach 18kW must be not less than 30 seconds and to reach 25kW not less than 120 seconds.
- M. It is recommended that the cathode heater and reservoir heater be supplied from separate transformers.
- N. At the expense of increasing the anode delay time, the unloaded trigger pulse may be reduced to a value within the range 500 1000V, as shown in Fig 3 on page 8 The anode delay time drift, and jitter are both unaltered.
- P. For Pulse lengthsgreater than 5 us the peak current rating is reduced in the proportion 5/tp where tp is the pulse length in microseconds.
- Q. Higher PRFs may be used at suitably reduced anode voltages.
- R. The pulse generator must have the following characteristics:-

Unloaded trigger pulse:- 1000 volts, minimum Rate of rise of unloaded trigger pulse:- 2 - 4 kV/us. Unloaded trigger pulse duration:- 2 - 4 us. Source impedance of trigger:- 200 ohms, maximum DC resistance:- 500 ohms, maximum.

With the tube operating under equipment condition, the DC bias, measured across the decoupling capacitor C2 shall be 100 + 10V negative.

The pulse generator must be connected to the valve through the resistance condenser network shown in Fig 2 on page 7.

NOTES continued

The valve will operate at full voltage with zero bias in circuits where the recovery time requirements are not stringent.

S. In the event of an arc-over in the thyratron for any reason, the grid will remain at cathode potential whilst any substantial anode current is flowing. The grid bias circuit should therefore be designed to withstand the consequent current drain without damage.

TESTS

To be performed in addition to those applicable in K1001, and to be carried out after a holding period of 96 hours, see Note 9.

					4	,		
Tests, note 2.	Test conditions, notes 1,3.			Units	Units Limi		Notes	
	T	۷h	٧R	Va		Min	Max.	
GROUP A, 100% inspection				/				
(a) HT run up time.	0 10 10+	12 12 12	5.0 5.0 5.0	Raise to 18	Secs Secs	- -	- 30 120	4,7.
(b) Anode delay time (1)	1 5	12	5.0	25	us	-	0.70	4,5,7.
(c) Run (1),	17	7•5	5.0	2 5	-	-	-	4,7.
(d) Jitter.	25 - 30	7•5	5.0	25	mus	-	5	4,7.
(e) Rum (2).	30	7•5	5•4	25	-	-	-	4,7
(f) Anode delay time(2).	35	7•5	5.4	25	us	Re	cord	4,5,7
(g) Run (3).	36	7•5	4.6	25	-	-	-	4,7
(h) Maximum di/dt.	41	7•5	4.6	25	A/us	6000	-	4,7,8
(j) Anode delay time (3)	42	7•5	4.6	25	us	Re	cord	4,5,7
(k)	43	12	5.0	0	-	-	-	-
(1) Cathode heater curren	1t53	12	5.0	0	A	28	34	-
(m) Reservoir heater current	54	12	5.0	o.	A	3•7	4.6	-
(n) Anode delay time drift	-	-	-	-	mus	-	100	10
GROUP B,C,D,E no tests								
GROUP F								
(p) Life (1) information		7•5		2 5	hours	500	-	4,6,12 6,11,12
→ (q) Life (2) information	-	7•5	5	25	hours	500		0,71,72

CV6026/1 B/4

NOTES

- 1. The units for the test conditions are, T in minutes, Vh and VR in RMS volts, and Va in peak kilovolts. The commencement of test (a) shall be at time T = 0.
- The tests a n shall be performed continuously and in the sequence shown.
- 3. The cathode heater and reservoir heater voltages should be measured at the tag ends of the appropriate leads.
- 4. The valve must be tested in the circuit shown in fig.5.
 The pulse generator shall have the following characteristics:—
 Unloaded trigger pulse:— 1000 volts maximum
 Rate of rise of unloaded trigger pulse:— 2 4 Kv/us.
 Unloaded trigger pulse duration:— 2us maximum.
 Source impedance: 200 ohms minimum.
 DC resistance: 500 ohms minimum.

With the tube operating, the DC bias measured across the bias decoupling capacitor C2 shall be 100 + 10V negative.

The anode circuit constants shall be chosen so that at Va peak = 25 kV, Peak Anode Current = 2,000 Amps Minimum, Mean Power Supply Current = 2.5 Amps Minimum, Pulse Length = 3.1 ± 0.2 usec, Pulse Recurrence Rate = 400 ± 10%. In addition L4 shall be adjusted to give 7,500 ± 5% amps. per microsecond rate of rise of peak anode current. The adjustment shall be made using a CV6026 valve in which the gas pressure can be varied. The rate of rise of current is measured as a function of gas pressure. Above a certain pressure the rate of rise is determined predominantly by the circuit inductance. L4 should be adjusted to give 7,500 + 5% Ausec at this pressure.

The value of L5 shall be such as to give resonant charging.

The circuit constants shall be adjusted so that the inverse voltage is at least K x Va for a period of $\frac{1}{2}$ microsecond (min) in the first microsecond following the pulse, where K = 0.18.

- 5. Anode delay time is defined as the time interval between the rising portion of the grid pulse which is not more than 26% of the maximum unloaded pulse amplitude and the point where anode conduction takes place.
- 6. The valve shall be deemed to have reached the end of life when it fails to meet any of the requirements of tests a to n inclusive.

 Tests shall be made at intervals not exceeding 250 hours.
- 7. During HT run up time (test a), tripping is permissible. Subsequently the valve is not allowed to trip more than once. Should one trip occur, the HT must be re-applied at 25 kV within three seconds and the tests continued in sequence.
- 8. The rate of rise of anode current dia/dt shall be measured by means of a mutual inductor in the anode lead of the thyratron.
- 9. All valves shall be stored for at least 96 hours, during which no voltages shall be applied.
- 10. Anode delay time drift is the greatest difference between the anode delay times measured in tests (b), (f), (j).

NOTES (Contd.)

11. The valve must be tested in the circuit shown in fig. 4.

The pulse generator shall have the following characteristics:Unloaded trigger pulse:- 1000 volts maximum

Rate of rise of unloaded trigger pulse:- 2 - 4 Kv/µs.

Unloaded trigger pulse duration:- 2us maximum.

Source impedance:- 200 ohms minimum.

DC resistance: 500 ohms minimum.

With the tube operating, the DC bias measured across the bias decoupling capacitor C2 shall be 100 \pm 10V negative.

The anode circuit constants shall be chosen so that at Va peak = 25 kV, Peak
Anode Current = 833 Amps Minimum, Mean Power Supply Current = 2.5 Amps Minimum,
Pulse Length = 12 ± 0.5 usec, Pulse Recurrence Rate = 250 ± 10%. In addition
L4 shall be adjusted to give 7,500 ± 5% amps. per microsecond rate of rise of peak
anode current. The adjustment shall be made using a CV6026 valve in which the
gas pressure can be varied. The rate of rise of current is measured as a
function of gas pressure. Above a certain pressure the rate of rise is determined
predominantly by the circuit inductance. L4 should be adjusted to give
7,500 ± 5% Apsec at this pressure.

The value of L5 shall be such as to give resonant charging.

The circuit constants shall be adjusted so that the inverse voltage is at least K x Va for a period of $\frac{1}{2}$ microsecond (min) in the first microsecond following the pulse, where K = 0.18.

12. For Qualification Approval, two valves for each life test shall have exceeded 2000 hours.

FIG. I.

CATHODE HEATER VOLTS AGAINST

MEAN POWER SUPPLY CURRENT (SEE NOTE B)

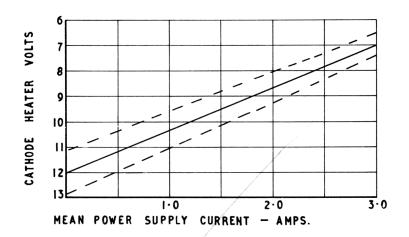
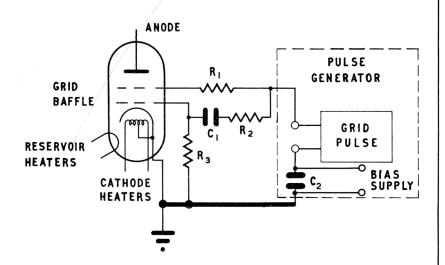
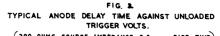


FIG. 2.
TRIGGERING CIRCUIT (SEE NOTE R)



C₁ = \cdot 005 μ F \pm 10 %, WORKING VOLTAGE 1000 V. R₁ = R₂ = R₃ = 500 Ω \pm 10 %.



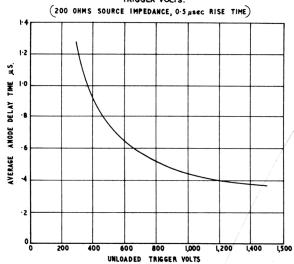


FIG. 4.

OPERATION TEST CIRCUIT (SEE NOTE 4.)

