

GENERAL POST OFFICE: E-IN-C(S)

| Specification: G.P.O./CV 6016 Issue 1. Dated July, 1959 To be read in conjunction with K 1001, BS 448 and BS 1409 | <table border="1"> <tr> <th colspan="2">SECURITY</th></tr> <tr> <th>Specification</th><th>Valve</th></tr> <tr> <td>Unclassified</td><td>Unclassified</td></tr> </table> | SECURITY | | Specification | Valve | Unclassified | Unclassified |
|---|---|----------|--|---------------|-------|--------------|--------------|
| SECURITY | | | | | | | |
| Specification | Valve | | | | | | |
| Unclassified | Unclassified | | | | | | |

→ Indicates a change

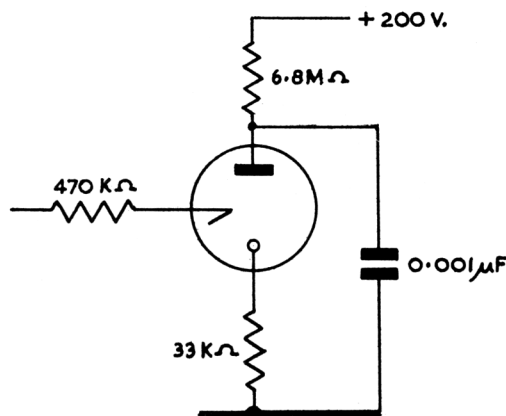
| | | | | | |
|--|--------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|------|
| TYPE OF VALVE - Cold cathode triode with flexible leads | | | <u>MARKING</u> | | |
| CATHODE - Cold | | | See K 1001/4 | | |
| ENVELOPE - Glass - Unmetallised | | | | | |
| PROTOTYPE - CCT6 | | | | | |
| <u>RATINGS and CHARACTERISTICS</u> (Not for inspection purposes) <u>All limiting values are absolute</u> | | | <u>BASE</u> BS 448/B7G/F | | |
| | | | Note | | |
| Anode supply voltage range | (V) | 190 to 250 | <u>CONNECTIONS</u> | | |
| Anode operating current range | (mA) | 1 to 5 | Lead | Electrode | |
| Max. peak anode current | (mA) | 40 | 1 | Anode | |
| Max. de-ionisation time. t _{di} | (μSec) | 14000 3000 | 2 | NC | |
| Average ionisation time. t _i | (μSec) | 220 | 3 | Trigger | |
| Control gap breakdown voltage | (V) | 70 to 85 | 4 | NC | |
| Min. main gap breakdown voltage | (V) | 275 | 5 | NC | |
| Main gap maintaining voltage | (V) | 65 to 80 | 6 | Cathode | |
| | | | 7 | NC | |
| | | | <u>DIMENSIONS</u> BS 448/B7G/F/2.1 | | |
| | | | Dimensions (m.m) | Min. | Max. |
| A. Measured at: V _a = 200V, V _t = 100V, trigger load = 470KΩ | | | A. Seated Height | - | 38 |
| B. Anode load open-circuited; trigger load 47KΩ | | | C. Diameter | 16.0 | 19.0 |
| C. Suddenly applied 250 volts, with trigger connected to cathode through 470KΩ or trigger biased +60V w.r.t. cathode through 470KΩ | | | E. Lead Length | 38.1 | - |
| D. I _a = 5mA, and trigger open-circuited | | | <u>MOUNTING POSITION</u> | | |
| E. Typical conditions in "Voltage level transfer" circuits rather than those obtained for "pulse bias" operation. | | | Any. | | |
| F. It is recommended that the valve be retained by a metal spring clip which must be electrically connected to the cathode lead. | | | See Notes F and G. | | |
| G. The valve must not be used under conditions of total darkness or direct bright sunlight. | | | | | |

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TESTSTo be performed in addition to those applicable in K 1001

| K 1001 | Test | Test Conditions | AQL % | Insp. Level | Symbol | Limits | | Units |
|--------|---|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| | | | | | | Min. | Max. | |
| | <u>GROUP A</u> Notes 1, 2 & 3 Main gap breakdown voltage Main gap maintaining voltage Ionisation time | Note 4 Note 5 Note 9 | | 100% 100% 100% | Vb Vm ti | 275 65 - | - 80 220 | V V uSec |
| | <u>GROUP B</u> Notes 1, 2 & 3 Main gap breakdown voltage Control gap breakdown voltage Main gap maintaining voltage | Note 6 Note 7 Note 8 | 6.5 6.5 6.5 | Ia Vm | Vb Vc Vm | 275 70 65 | - 85 80 | V V V |
| | <u>GROUP C</u> Notes 1, 2 & 3 De-ionisation time | | | TA | tdi | - | 1000 2000 | uSec |
| | <u>GROUP D</u> Omitted | | | | | | | |
| 5.12 | <u>GROUP E</u> Lead Fragility | No Voltages | 6.5 | Ic | | | | |
| | <u>GROUP F</u> Omitted | | | | | | | |
| | <u>GROUP G</u> Omitted | | | | | | | |

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NOTES

1. The tests should not be performed until 28 days after the completion of manufacture of the valve.
2. The tests should be performed under the illumination of a tungsten light of 10 ± 1 ft. candles.
3. During testing the envelope is held in a "U" shaped metal clip, 15-18mm wide, around the centre of the bulb and touching it over the semi-circular portion. The clip is electrically connected to the cathode.
4. The trigger is connected to cathode via a resistance of $470\text{ K}\Omega$ and the anode is connected to +275V via a resistance of $100\text{ K}\Omega$. The valve shall not conduct.
5. The anode is connected to H.T. via $150\text{ K}\Omega$. The valve is fired and the trigger electrode open circuited. H.T. is adjusted for $I_a = 1\text{mA}$ and the main gap maintaining voltage must be within the limits specified.
6. The trigger is connected to +60V via a resistance of $470\text{ K}\Omega$ and the anode is connected to +275V via a resistance of $100\text{ K}\Omega$. The valve shall not conduct.
7. The anode is open circuited, and the trigger to H.T. via a resistance of $47\text{ K}\Omega$.
8. The anode is connected to H.T. via a resistance of $22\text{ K}\Omega$. The valve is fired and the trigger electrode open circuited. H.T. is adjusted for $I_a = 5\text{mA}$ and the main gap maintaining voltage must be within the limits specified.
9. A pulse of sensibly square shape, of +100V amplitude and of long duration compared with the ionisation time shall be applied to the trigger electrode in the circuit shown. The valve shall strike within the specified time after the trigger pulse has attained its maximum value.