

ADMIRALTY SIGNAL AND RADAR ESTABLISHMENT

VALVE ELECTRONIC

CV4083

Specification AD/CV4083.

Issue 1 dated 29th April, 1958.

To be read in conjunction with K1001, BS448
and BS1409.

SECURITY

Specification

Unclassified

Valve

Unclassified

TYPE OF VALVE

-Reliable Miniature HF Pentode
with Flexible leads.

CATHODE

-Indirectly heated.

ENVELOPE

-Glass

PROTOTYPE

-CV2209 (but without limiting diode on G3)

R.E.T.M.A. Designation

-

MARKING

K1001/4

BASE

BS448/B7G/F

CONNECTIONS

Pin

Electrode

1	g₁ g ₁
2	k
3	h
4	h
5	a
6	g ₃
7	g ₂

RATINGS

(All limiting values are absolute)

Note

Heater Voltage	(V)	6.3	C
Heater Current	(A)	0.3	
Max. Heater-Cathode Voltage	(V)	±150	
Max. Operating Anode Voltage	(V)	300	
Max. Anode Voltage ($I_a = 0$)	(V)	550	
Max. Operating Screen Voltage	(V)	300	
Max. Screen Voltage ($I_{g2} = 0$)	(V)	400	
Max. Anode Dissipation	(W)	3.0	
Max. Screen Dissipation	(W)	1.5	
Max. Bulb Temperature	(°C)	200	C
Max. Shock (short duration)	(g)	500	
Max. Acceleration (continuous operation)	(g)	2.5	
Inner Amplification Factor ($\mu_{g1, g2}$)		42	
Mutual Conductance	(mA/V)	4.0	A
Anode Impedance	(megohm)	0.1	A

DIMENSIONS

See BS448

Dimensions(mm)	Min.	Max.
A. seated height	-	47.5
C. diameter	16.0	19.0
D. length of leads	38.0	-

CAPACITANCES (pF)

C. in (nom)
C. out (nom)
C. a1 g1 (max)

7.2
4.3
0.01

B
B
B

MOUNTING POSITION

Any

NOTES

A. Measured at $V_a = V_{g2} = 200V$; $V_{g1} = -3.45V$, $V_{g3} = 0$; ($I_a = 7.5 mA$; $I_{g2} = 4.5 mA$).

B. Measured with close fitting metal screen.

C. Caution to Electronic Equipment Design Engineers: Special attention should be given to the temperature of valves to be operated in aircraft. Reliability will be seriously impaired if the maximum bulb temperature is exceeded. The life expectancy may be reduced if conditions other than those specified for life tests are imposed on the valve and will be reduced appreciably if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. Both reliability and performance will be jeopardised if heater voltage ratings are exceeded: life and reliability performance are directly related to the extent that the heater voltage is maintained at its rated value.

To be performed in addition to those applicable in K1001.

Tests shall be performed in the specified order unless otherwise agreed with the Inspecting Authority.

Test Conditions - unless otherwise specified.

V_a (Supply) 200V V_{g2} (Supply) 200V V_{g3} (Supply) 0V V_{g1} (Supply) 0V V_h (Supply) 6.3V R_k (Ω) 287

with respect to cathode

K1001 Ref.	Test	Test Conditions	AQL %	Insp. Level	Symbol	Limits						Units
						Min	LAL	Bogey	UAL	Max	ALD	
7.1	Glass Strain		6.5	1								
	<u>GROUP A</u>											
	Electrode Insulation	$V_h = 6.3V$ Note 1 V_{g1} to all = -100V V_{g2} to all = -300V V_{g3} to all = -300V V_a to all = -300V	100% 100% 100% 100%	R R R R	100 100 100 100	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	M Ω M Ω M Ω M Ω
	Reverse Grid Current	$R_{g1} = 500K \Omega$ max.	100%	I g1	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	μA
	<u>GROUP B</u>	<u>Combined AQL</u>	1.0									
	Heater Current	$V_{hk} = \pm 100V$ Note 2	0.65	11	I_h	275	-	300	-	325	-	mA
	hk Leakage Current	$V_{hk} = -100V$ Cathode Positive	0.65	11	I_{hk}	-	-	-	-	20	-	μA
	Anode Current		0.65	11	I_a	5.6	-	7.1	-	8.6	-	mA
	g1 Cut-off volts	$I_a = 0.1$ mA	0.65	11	I_{g1}	-	-	-	-	11	-	V
	g3 Cut-off volts	Note 7.	0.65	11	I_{g3}	5	-	-	-	11.5	-	V
	Mutual Conductance		0.65	11	g_m	3.15	-	4.05	-	5.4	-	mA/V
	Screen Current		0.65	11	I_{g2}	2.7	-	4.35	-	6.0	-	mA
				V2	I_{g2}	To be recorded and agreed later						mA
						To be recorded and agreed later						mA
	<u>GROUP C</u>	<u>Combined AQL</u>	6.5									
	Change of Mutual Conductance	$V_h = 5.7V$ Note 2	2.5	1	Δg_m	-	-	-	-	15	-	%
	Reverse Grid Current	$V_h = 6.3V$	2.5	1	I_{g1}	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	μA
	Current	$V_a(b) = V_{g2}(b) = 300V$; $R_k = 560 \Omega$ $R_{g1} = 500K \Omega$ Note 6.										
11.1	Vibration Noise	$V_a(b) = V_{g2}(b) = 250V$; $V_{g3}(b) = 0$; $V_{g1}(b) = 4.5V$; $RL = 2k \Omega$ Note 5.	2.5	1	V_{gAC}	-	-	-	-	15	-	mV RMS
5.12 5.9	<u>GROUP D</u> Lead fragility Capacitances	No voltages Measured on 1 Mc/s bridge with valve mounted in a fully shielded socket. Valve screened.	6.5 6.5	1A 1C	C_{in} C_{out} C_{ag1}	6.2 3.7 -	- - -	7.2 4.3 -	- - -	8.3 5.0 0.01	-	pF pF pF
	Inner Amplification Factor	$V_a = V_{g2} = 200V$; $V_{g3} = 0$ Adjust V_{g1} to give $I_k = 12$ mA.	6.5	1A	$A_{g1, g2}$	30 34	-	35 42	-	46 50	-	

K1001 Ref.	Test	Test Conditions	AQL %	Insp. Level	Symbol	Limits						Units
						Min.	LAL	Bogey	UAL	Max.	ALD	
11.2	<u>GROUP E</u> Resonance Search	$V_{a(b)} = V_{g2(b)} = 250V$; $R_L = 2K \Omega$ Frequency: (1) 25 to 200c/s (2) 200 to 500c/s (3) 500 to 2500c/s Note 8.	2.5	1C	V_{aAC}	-	-	-	-	Record	-	(mV (RMS
					V_{gAC}	-	-	-	-	Record	-	(mV (RMS
					V_{gAC}	-	-	-	-	Record	-	(mV (RMS
11.3	Fatigue	$V_h = 6.9V$ Note 4. <u>POST FATIGUE TESTS</u>		1A								
		<u>Combined AQL</u>	4									
	hk Leakage Current	$V_{hk} = \pm 100V$ Note 3.	2.5		I_{hk}	-	-	-	-	40	-	μA
	Reverse Grid Current	$R_{g1} = 500K \Omega$ max.	2.5		I_{g1}	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	μA
	Mutual Conductance		2.5		g_m	2.8	-	-	-	5.4	-	mA/V
11.1	Vibration noise	As in Group C	2.5		V_{aAC}	-	-	-	-	25	-	(mV (RMS
11.4	Shock	Hammer angles 30° No Voltages <u>POST SHOCK TESTS</u>		1A								
		<u>Combined AQL</u>	4.0									
5.3	hk Leakage Current	$V_{hk} = \pm 100V$ Note 3	2.5		I_{hk}	-	-	-	-	40	-	μA
	Reverse Grid Current	$R_{g1} = 500K \Omega$ max.	2.5		I_{g1}	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	μA
	Mutual Conductance		2.5		g_m	2.8	-	-	-	5.4	-	mA/V
11.1	Vibration noise	As in Group C	2.5		V_{aAC}	-	-	-	-	25	-	(mV (RMS
A V1/5	<u>GROUP F</u> Life	$V_h = 6.3V$; $V_{a(b)} = 250V$ $R_k = 150 \Omega$ $R_{g1} = 500K \Omega$ <u>STABILITY LIFE (1 HOUR)</u>		1								
	Change in Mutual conductance		1.0		Δg_m	-	-	-	-	10	-	%
A V1/	<u>INTERMITTENT LIFE</u>			1A								
5.3	Test point (500 hrs) Inoperatives	<u>Combined AQL</u>	6.5									
	Heater Current		2.5		I_h	275	-	-	-	325	-	mA
5.3	hk Leakage Current	$V_{hk} = \pm 100V$ Note 3	2.5		I_{hk}	-	-	-	-	40	-	μA
	Reverse Grid Current	$R_{g1} = 500K \Omega$ max.	2.5		I_{g1}	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	μA
	Mutual Conductance		2.5		g_m	2.7	-	-	-	5.4	-	mA/V
	Average change of Mutual Conductance				Δg_m	-	-	-	-	15	-	%
	Anode Current		4.0		I_a	5.05	-	-	-	8.6	-	mA
	Electrode Insulation	$V_h = 6.3V$ Note 1										
		V_{g1} to all = -100V	4.0		R	50	-	-	-	-	-	M Ω
		V_{g2} to all = -300V	4.0		R	50	-	-	-	-	-	M Ω
		V_{g3} to all = -300V	4.0		R	50	-	-	-	-	-	M Ω
		V_a to all = -300V	4.0		R	50	-	-	-	-	-	M Ω
	<u>TEST POINT (1000 HOURS)</u>											
		<u>Combined AQL</u>	10.0									
AV1/5.6	Inoperatives		4.0									
	Heater Current		4.0		I_h	275	-	-	-	325	-	mA
	hk Leakage Current	$V_{hk} = \pm 100V$ Note 3	4.0		I_{hk}	-	-	-	-	40	-	μA
	Reverse Grid Current	$R_{g1} = 500K \Omega$ max.	4.0		I_{g1}	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	μA
	Mutual Conductance		4.0		g_m	2.5	-	-	-	5.4	-	mA/V
	Anode Current		6.5		I_a	4.6	-	-	-	8.6	-	mA

Amal-3

K1001 Ref.	Test	Test Conditions	AQL %	Insp. Level	Symbol	Limits						Units
						Min	LAL	Bogey	UAL	Max	ALD	
A IX/2.5	<u>GROUP C</u> Electrical Re-test after 28 days holding period.			100%								
A VI/5.6	Inoperatives Reverse Grid Current	$R_{g1} = 500K \text{ max.}$	0.5		I_{g1}	-	-	-	-	0.75	-	μA

NOTES

1. Heater and Cathode strapped and considered as a single electrode.

2. Change of Mutual Conductance is expressed as a percentage, so:-

$$\frac{(\text{gm at } 6.3V) - (\text{gm at } 5.7V)}{(\text{gm at } 6.3V)} \times 100\%$$

3. Heater positive and negative successively.

4. Valves shall be vibrated in each of the three required planes for not less than 30 hours and not less than 100 hours total. Heater switched 1 minute on, 3 minutes off. No other voltages. Min. peak acceleration = 5g. Frequency = 170 ± 5 c/s.

5. The valves shall be mounted so that the direction of vibration is parallel to the minor axis of the valve electrode structure.

Vibration frequency = any fixed frequency in the range 25 - 100 c/s. Min. peak acceleration = 2g. The test shall be of sufficient duration to obtain a steady reading of noise output.

6. Prior to this test the valve shall be pre-heated for 5 minutes under the test conditions. The maximum time between pre-heating and testing shall be 2 seconds. I_{g1} shall not be rising or out of limit after a total of 10 minutes.

7. $V_a = 200V$; $V_{g2} = 100V$; adjust V_{g1} so that $I_k = 10 \text{ mA}$ when $V_{g3} = 0$. Then adjust V_{g3} to give $I_a = 0.1 \text{ mA}$.

8. At present readings for this test are to be recorded. It is envisaged that a subsequent issue of the specification will include limit figures for this test.

9. An approved dynamic method of measuring Inner Amplification Factor may be used

ELECTRONIC VALVE SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATION AD/CV4083

ISSUE NO. 1, DATED 29TH APRIL 1958

AMENDMENT NO. 1

Page 2 Group D

Inner Amplification Factor

Under "Test Conditions" add the following note:-

" $V_a = V_{g2} = 200V$; $V_{g3} = 0$.

Adjust V_{g1} to give $I_k = 12 \text{ mA}$.

Then apply signal = + 1 volt to $g1$.

Reduce V_{g2} to give $I_k = 12 \text{ mA}$.

Inner amplification factor = Change in V_{g2} .

March 1960
N.16672/D

Admiralty Surface Weapons Establishment

✓ MS
84

SPECIFICATION AD/CV4083
ISSUE 1 DATED 29th APRIL 1958

AMENDMENT No.2

Page 1. CONNECTIONS

Under Column Heading "Electrode", against "Pin 1",

Amend: "g2" to "g1"

October 1960

Admiralty Surface Weapons Establishment

N.33994/D

✓HAB
20/61

ELECTRONIC VALVE SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATION AD/CV.4083 ISSUE 1 DATED 29th APRIL, 1958

AMENDMENT No. 3

(i) Page 2 GROUP D. Inner Amplification Factor

In the column headed "Limits" amend "Min. 34", "Bogey, 42", and "Max. 50", to read "30", "38", and "46" respectively.

(ii) Page 3 GROUP F. TEST POINT (1,000 HOURS)

Heater Current In the column headed "Limits", "Min." and "Max" amend "320" and "380" to read "275" and "325" respectively.

June, 1964.

T.V.C. for A.S.W.E.

(222081)

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ELECTRONIC VALVE SPECIFICATIONS
SPECIFICATION AD/CV4083, ISSUE NO. 1
DATED 29TH APRIL, 1968

AMENDMENT NO. 4

Page 2. Test conditions - unless otherwise specified

Under V_{g3} (Supply), after OV add:-

"with respect to cathode."

Page 2. Group D. Inner Amplification Factor

Amend to read "See Note 9".

Page 4

Add Note 9 as follows:-

"9. An approved dynamic method of measuring Inner Amplification Factor may be used."

Admiralty Surface Weapons
Establishment

January, 1969.

JAFS
21/64