

Specification MOS(A)/CV.4064	<u>SECURITY</u>
Issue 1 Dated 14.8.56	Specification Valve
To be read in conjunction with BS.448, BS.1409 and K.1001	UNCLASSIFIED UNCLASSIFIED

<b>TYPE OF VALVE</b>	- Reliable Miniature H.F. Pentode with a limiting diode connected to g3		<b>MARKING</b>	
	- Indirectly heated		K1001/4	
	- Glass		<b>BASE</b>	
	- CV2209		BS.448/B70	
		<b>CONNECTIONS</b>		
<b>RATING</b> (All limiting values are absolute)		<b>Note</b>	<b>Pin</b>	<b>Electrode</b>
Heater Voltage	(V)	6.3	C	1 Grid g1
Heater Current	(A)	0.35		2 Cathode k
Max. Heater - Cathode Voltage	(V)	± 150		3 Heater h
Max. Operating Anode Voltage	(V)	300		4 Heater h
Max. Anode Voltage ( $I_a = 0$ )	(V)	550		5 Anode a
Max. Operating Screen Voltage	(V)	300		6 Sup.+ diode g3 + d
Max. Screen Voltage ( $I_{g2} = 0$ )	(V)	400		7 Screen g2
Max. Anode Dissipation	(W)	3.0		
Max. Screen Dissipation	(W)	1.5		
Max. Bulb Temperature	(°C)	200	C	
Max. Shock (short duration)	(g)	500		
Max. Acceleration (continuous operation)	(g)	2.5		
Inner Amplification Factor ( $\mu$ g1, g2)		42		
Mutual Conductance	(mA/V)	4.0	A	
Anode Impedance	(MΩ)	0.1	A	
<b>CAPACITANCES (pF)</b>			<b>DIMENSIONS</b>	
C in (nom.)		7.55	B	See B.S.448/B70/2.1
C out (nom.)		4.55	B	Size Ref. No. 2
Ca, g1 (max.)		0.015	B	
			<b>Dimensions (mm)</b>	<b>Min.</b>
			A seated height	= 47.5
			C diameter	16.0 19.0
			D overall length	= 54.5
<b>MOUNTING POSITION</b>				
			ANY	

NOTESA. Measured at  $V_a = V_{g2} = 200V$ ;  $V_{g1} = +3.45V$ ;  $V_{g3} = 0$ . ( $I_a = 7.5 \text{ mA}$ ;  $I_{g2} = 4.5 \text{ mA}$ ).

B. Measured with a close fitting metal screen.

C. Caution to Electronic Equipment Design Engineers; Special attention should be given to the temperature of valves to be operated in aircraft. Reliability will be seriously impaired if the maximum bulb temperature is exceeded. The life expectancy may be reduced if conditions other than those specified for life tests are imposed on the valve and will be reduced appreciably if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. Both reliability and performance will be jeopardised if heater voltage ratings are exceeded; life and reliability performance are directly related to the degree that regulation of the heater voltage is maintained at its centre-rated value.

# CV4064

## TESTS

Page 2

To be performed in addition to those applicable in K1001

To be performed in the specified order unless otherwise agreed with the Inspecting Authority

Test Conditions = unless otherwise specified													
	V <sub>a</sub> (V)	V <sub>g2</sub> (V)	V <sub>g3</sub> (K)	V <sub>g1</sub> (V)	V <sub>b</sub> (V)	R <sub>k</sub> (Ω)	Limits						
K1001 Ref.	Test	Test Conditions		AQL %	Insp. Level	Symbol	Min.	LAL	Begay	UAL	Max.	AUD	Units
7.1	Glass Strain			6.5	I								
		Connected Cathode											
	<u>GROUP A</u>												
	Electrode Insulation	V <sub>b</sub> = 6.3V. Note 1 V <sub>g1</sub> to all = +100V V <sub>g2</sub> to all = -300V V <sub>g3</sub> to all = -300V V <sub>a</sub> to all = -300V		100%	R	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ
	Reverse Grid Current	R <sub>g1</sub> = 500k Ω max.		100%	I <sub>g1</sub>	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	μA
	<u>GROUP B</u>												
5.3	Heater Current	Combined AQL		1.0									
	lk Leakage Current	0.65		II	I <sub>h</sub>	320	-	350	-	380	-	-	mA
		V <sub>h</sub> = ±100V; Note 3		0.65	II	I <sub>hk</sub>	-	-	-	-	-	-	mA
		V <sub>h</sub> = ±100V; Cathode Positive			V2	I <sub>hk</sub>	-	-	-	5	-	-	mA
	Anode Current	0.65		II	I <sub>a</sub>	5.6	-	7.1	-	8.6	-	-	mA
	G1 Cut Off Volts	I <sub>a</sub> = 0.1 mA		0.65	II	-V <sub>g1</sub>	-	-	-	-	11	-	V
	G3 Cut off Volts	Note 8		0.65	II	-V <sub>g3</sub>	5	-	-	-	11.5	-	V
	Mutual Conductance	0.65		II	V2	gm	3.15	-	4.05	-	5.4	-	mA/V
	Screen Current	0.65		II	V2	I <sub>g2</sub>	2.7	-	4.35	-	6.0	-	mA
		I <sub>g2</sub>											mA
	<u>GROUP C</u>												
	Diods Current (g3)	Combined AQL		6.5									
		V <sub>g1</sub> = -30V		2.5	I	I <sub>g3</sub>	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	mA
	Change of Mutual Conductance	V <sub>b</sub> = 5.7V. Notes 2 and 7		2.5	I	Δgm	-	-	-	-	15	-	%

TESTS (Cont'd)

K1001	Test	Test Conditions	AQL %	Imp. Level	Symbol	Limits						Units
						Min.	LAL	Begay	UAL	Max.	AUD	
	Reverse Grid Current	Vh = 6.9V; Rk = 560Ω Va = Vg2 = 300V; Note 6	2.5	I	IG1	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	μA
11.1	Vibration Noise	Va(b) = Vg2 = 250V; Vg3 = 0; Vg1 = 4.9V RL = 2kΩ; Note 5	2.5	I	VaAC	-	-	-	-	15	-	mfTMS
	<u>GROUP D</u>											
7.2	Base Strain	No Voltages	6.5	IA								
5.9	Capacitances	Measured on 1 Mc/s bridge with valve mounted in a fully shielded socket. Valve screened	6.5	IC	Cin Cout Ca, G1	6.5 3.9 -	-	7.55 4.55 -	-	8.6 5.2 0.15	-	DP DP DP
	Inner Amplification Factor	Rk = 12.0 mA Note 9	6.5	IA	μG1, G2	34 3.0	-	42 38	-	50 46	-	
	<u>GROUP E</u>											
11.2	Resonance Search	Va(b) = Vg2 = 250V; RL = 2kΩ Frequency:- (1) 25 to 200 c/s (2) 200 to 500 c/s (3) 500 to 2500 c/s	2.5	IC	VaAC	-	-	-	-	50	-	mfTMS
					VaAC	-	-	-	-	100	-	mfTMS
					VaAC	-	-	-	-	350	-	mfTMS
11.3	Patigue	Vh = 6.9V; Note 4		IA								
	<u>Post Fatigue Tests</u>											
5.3	Rk Leakage Current	Combined AQL Vhk = ±100V; Note 3	4.0	Ik	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	μA
	Reverse Grid Current	Rg1 = 500 kΩ max.	2.5	IG1	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	μA
	Metal Conductance		2.5	GM	2.8	-	-	-	-	5.4	-	m/V
11.1	Vibration Noise	As in Group C	2.5	VaAC	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	mfTMS
11.4	Shock	Hammer Angle = 30° No Voltages		IA								
	<u>Post Shock Tests</u>											
5.3	Rk Leakage Current	Combined AQL Vhk = ±100V; Note 3	4.0	Ik	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	μA
	Reverse Grid Current	Rg1 = 500 kΩ max.	2.5	IG1	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	μA
	Metal Conductance		2.5	GM	2.8	-	-	-	-	5.4	-	m/V
11.1	Vibration Noise	As in Group C	2.5	VaAC	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	mfTMS
	<u>GROUP F</u>											
VI/5	Life	Vh = 6.9V; Va = 250V Rk = 150 Ω										

EIA901 Ref.	Test	Test Conditions	AQL %	INSPE. LEVEL	SYM- BOL	Limits						Units
						Min.	LAL	Beay	UL	HOL	AUD	
<u>Stability Life (1 hour)</u>												
	Change in Mutual Conductance		1.0	I	Agn	-	-	-	-	10	-	%
A.VI/5.3	<u>Intermittent Life</u>			II								
	<u>Test Point (500 hrs)</u>	Combined AQL	6.5									
	Inoperatives		2.5									
	Heater Current		2.5	II	320	-	-	-	-	320	-	mA
	hk Leakage Current	Vh = ±100V; Note 3	2.5	IIk	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	μA
	Reverse Grid Current	Rg1 = 500kΩ max.	2.5	IG1	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	μA
	Mutual Conductance		2.5	gm	2.7	-	-	-	-	5.4	-	mA/V
	Average Change of Mutual Conductance			gm	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	%
	Anode Current		4.0	IA	5.05	-	-	-	-	8.6	-	mA
	Electrode Insulation	Vh = 6.3V Note 1 VG1 to all = -100V VG2 to all = -300V VG3 to all = -300V VA to all = -300V	4.0	R	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ
A.VI/5.6	<u>Test Point (1000 hrs)</u>		Combined AQL	10.0								
	Inoperatives		4.0									
	Heater Current		4.0	II	320	-	-	-	-	320	-	mA
	hk Leakage Current	Vh = ±100V Note 3	4.0	IIk	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	μA
	Reverse Grid Current	Rg1 = 500kΩ max.	4.0	IG1	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	μA
	Mutual Conductance		4.0	gm	2.5	-	-	-	-	5.4	-	mA/V
	Anode Current		6.5	IA	4.6	-	-	-	-	8.6	-	mA
	*											
A.IX/2.5	<u>GROUP C</u>											
	Electrical re-test after 36 days holding period			100%								
	Inoperatives		0.5									
	Reverse Grid Current	Rg1 = 500kΩ max.	0.5	IG1	-	-	-	-	-	0.75	-	μA

CV.4064/1/4 \* Add Electrolyte test. Lounds an arsophen. Comt-Ach 6.5. Limit 30±2 min in each case

NOTES

1. Heater and cathode strapped and considered as a single electrode.

2. Change of Mutual Conductance is expressed:-

$$\frac{(gm \text{ at } 6.3V)}{(gm \text{ at } 5.7V)} \times 100\%$$

3. Heater positive and negative successively.

4. Valves shall be vibrated in each of the three required planes for not less than 30 hours and not less than 100 hours total. Heater switched 1 minute on 3 minutes off. No other voltages applied. Min. peak acceleration = 5g. Frequency = 170  $\pm$  5 c/s.

5. The valves shall be mounted so that the direction of vibration is parallel to the minor axis of the electrode mounting structure. Vibration frequency = any fixed frequency in the range 25 - 100 c/s. Min. peak acceleration = 2g. The test shall be of sufficient duration to obtain a steady reading of noise output.

6. Prior to this test the valve shall be preheated for 5 minutes under the test conditions.  $I_{G1}$  shall not be rising or out of limit after a total of 10 minutes.

7. Preheat the valves for 5 minutes under the test conditions before making this test.

8.  $V_a = 200V$ ;  $V_g2 = 100V$ ; adjust  $V_g1$  <sup>for  $I_k = 10mA$</sup>  to 0 with  $V_g3 = 0$ .  
 $V_g3$ , adjust for  $I_a = 0.1 mA$ .

9. with  $V_a = V_g2 = 200V$ ,  $V_g3 = 0$ , adjust  $V_g1$  to give  $I_k = 12mA$ . Then apply signal = +1 volt to  $g_1$ . Reduce  $V_g2$  to give  $I_k = 12mA$

Inner amplification factor = change in  $V_g2$ .

ELECTRONIC VALVE SPECIFICATION

SPECIFICATION CV.4064

ISSUE 1 - DATED 14, SEPTEMBER, 1956

AMENDMENT NO.1.

GROUP F.

Intermittent Life      Test Point (500 hrs)

Electrode Insulation

Delete the existing Electrode Insulation Test (at the end of Group) and Substitute the following:-

K.1001 Ref.	Test	Test Conditions	AQL %	INSP. LEVEL	Symbol	LIMITS						
						MIN	LAL	BOGEY	UAL	MAX	AID	UNITS
	ELECTRODE	Vh = 6.3V Note 1			R	50	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ
	INSULATION	Vg1 to all = -400V Vg2 to all = -300V VG3 to all = -300V Va to all = -300V	4.0		R	50	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ
					R	50	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ
					R	50	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ

Test Point (1000 hrs)

Delete all reference to Heater Current Test

Add at the end of this Group (after Anode Current) the following:-

K.1001 Ref.	Test	Test Conditions	AQL %	INSP. LEVEL	Symbol	LIMITS						
						MIN	LAL	BOGEY	UAL	MAX	AID	UNITS
	ELECTRODE	Vh = 6.3V Note 1			R	30	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ
	INSULATION	Vg1 to all = -100V Vg2 to all = -300V VG3 to all = -300V Va to all = -300V	6.5		R	30	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ
					R	30	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ
					R	30	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ
					R	30	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ

Z.16181.R.

December, 1957

T.V.C.

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ELECTRONIC VALVE SPECIFICATION CV 4064

ISSUE 1 DATED 14.9.56  
AMENDMENT No. 2

PAGE 2 (Top Box) Test Conditions

Amend "Vg3(V) to "Vg3  
0" connected  
to cathode"

PAGE 3 GROUP D

Inner Amplification Factor

Under "Test Conditions" Delete  $I_k = 12\text{mA}$  and substitute  
"Note 9".

N 46653/D

/NOTES

NOTES

Note 8 Delete "Adjust  $V_{gl} = 10\text{mA}$ " and substitute  
"Adjust  $V_{gl}$  for  $I_k = 10\text{mA}$ ."

Note 9 New Note

"With  $V_a = V_{g2} = 200\text{v}$ ,  $V_{g3} = 0$ , adjust  $V_{gl}$  to  
give  $I_k = 12\text{mA}$ . Then apply signal = + 1 volt  
to  $g_1$ . Reduce  $V_{g2}$  to give  $I_k = 12\text{mA}$ .  
Inner amplification factor = change in  $V_{g2}$ ".

December 1960

R.R.E.

*AAS* 93/61

ELECTRONIC VALVE SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATION CV.4064

ISSUE NO. 1 DATED 14.9.1956.

AMENDMENT NO.3

Page 3, Group D. Inner Amplification Factor.

Amend Limits to read: 30 min. 38 bogie. 46 max.

April 1962  
(22649)

Ministry of Aviation/R.R.E.

✓ AAS  
13/7/62