

Specification MIN. TECH./CV4058  
 Issue 1A Dated May 1967.  
 To be read in conjunction with BS.448, BS.1409 and K.1001

Specification UNCLASSIFIED	SECURITY UNCLASSIFIED	Valve UNCLASSIFIED
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→ Indicates a change.

TYPE OF VALVE - Reliable Miniature R.F. Power Triode

CATHODE - Indirectly heated

ENVELOPE - Glass

PROTOTYPE - CV133

R.E.T.M.A. - 6100/6C4WA

MARKING  
K1001/4

Additional Marking:-  
6100/6C4WA

BASE  
BS.448/B7G

### RATING

Heater Voltage (V)  
 Heater Current (A)  
 Max. Heater Cathode Voltage (V)  
 Max. Operating Anode Voltage (V)  
 Max. Anode Voltage ( $I_a = 0$ ) (V)  
 Max. Anode Dissipation (W)  
 Max. Mean Cathode Current (mA)  
 Max. Bulb Temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C)  
 Max. Shock (short duration) (g)  
 Max. Acceleration (continuous operation) (g)  
 Max. Operating Frequency (Mc/s)  
 Amplification Factor  
 Mutual Conductance (mA/V)  
 Anode Impedance (k $\Omega$ )

6.3  
 0.15  
 $\pm 150$   
 330  
 550  
 3.8  
 21  
 170  
 500  
 2.5  
 150  
 17  
 2.2  
 7.7

C  
 A  
 A  
 A  
 A  
 A  
 A  
 C  
 C  
 B  
 B  
 B

### CONNECTIONS

Note	Pin	Electrode
	1	a
	2	I <sup>c</sup>
	3	h
	4	h
	5	a
	6	g
	7	k

DIMENSIONS  
 See BS.448/B7G/2.1  
 Size Ref. No. 2

Dimensions (mm)	Min.	Max.
A seated height	-	47.5
C diameter	16.0	19.0
D overall length	-	54.5

### CAPACITANCE (pF)

C in (nom.)  
 C out (nom.)  
 Ca, g (nom.)

1.8  
 1.3  
 1.6

D  
 D  
 D

MOUNTING POSITION  
 Any

### NOTES

- A. Absolute value.
- B. Measured at  $V_a = 250V$ ;  $V_g = -6.5$  ( $I_a = 10.5$  mA).
- C. Caution to Electronic Equipment Design Engineers: Special attention should be given to the temperature of valves to be operated in aircraft. Reliability will be seriously impaired if the maximum bulb temperature is exceeded. The life expectancy may be reduced if conditions other than those specified for life tests are imposed on the valve and will be reduced appreciably if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. Both reliability and performance will be jeopardised if heater voltage ratings are exceeded; life and reliability performance are directly related to the degree that regulation of the heater voltage is maintained at its centre-rated value.
- D. Measured with valve unscreened.

To be performed in addition to those applicable in K1001

To be performed in the specified order unless otherwise agreed with the Inspecting Authority

Test Conditions - unless otherwise specified												Units
	Vh(V)	Va(V)	Vg(V)	Vhk(V)	Limits							Units
K1001 Ref.	Test	Test Conditions		AQL %	Insp. Level	Symbol	Min.	IAL	Bogey	UAL	Max.	ALD
7.1	Glass Strain	No voltages	6.5	I								
	<u>GROUP A</u> Electrode Insulation  Reverse Grid Current	Vh = 6.3V. Note 1. Vg-all = -100V Va-all = -300V	100% 100% 100%	R R Ig	100 100 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - 0.5	- - -	MΩ MΩ μA	
5.3	<u>GROUP B</u> Heater Current  hk Leakage Current  Anode Current  Mutual Conductance	Combined AQL  Vhk = ±100V. Note 3 Vhk = -100V Cathode Positive	1.0 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.65	II II II II II	Ih Ihk Ihk Ia gm	1.38 - - 6.5 1.75	- - - - -	150 - - - -	- - 3 12.0 2.2	162 10 - 14.5 2.65	- - - - 0.45	mA μA μA mA mA/V
11.1	<u>GROUP C</u> Anode Current  Reverse Grid Current  Vibration Noise	Combined AQL  Vgl = -30V  Vh = 6.9V. Note 7.  Va(b) = 250; RL = 2 kΩ Notes 5 and 6.	6.5 2.5 2.5 2.5	I I I Va AC	Ia Ia Ig Va AC	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	50 1.0 1.0 7.0	- - - -	μA μA μV
7.2	<u>GROUP D</u> Base Strain  Capacitances	No Voltages.  Measured on 1 Mc/s bridge with valve mounted in a fully shielded holder. No valve screen or holder skirt. Pin 2 link to pin 7.	6.5 6.5	IA IC	C in C out Ca,g	1.35 0.98 1.2	- - -	1.8 1.3 1.6	- - -	2.25 1.62 2.0	- - -	pF pF pF

K1001 Ref.	Test	Test Conditions	AQL %	Insp. Level	Sym- bol	Limits						Units
						Min.	LAL	Bogey	UAL	Max.	ALD	
11.2	Amplification Factor		6.5	IA V1	$\mu$ $\mu$	15.5 -	-	-	-	18.5 -	-	%
	Mutual Conductance	V <sub>a</sub> = 100V; V <sub>g</sub> = 0	6.5	IA V1	gm gm	2.25 -	-	-	-	3.75 -	-	mV/V mA/V
	Change of Mutual Conductance	V <sub>a</sub> = 100V; V <sub>g</sub> = 0 V <sub>h</sub> = 5.7V. Note 2	6.5	IA	$\Delta$ gm	-	-	-	-	15	-	%
	Power Oscillation	V <sub>a(b)</sub> = 300V R <sub>g</sub> = 8.5 k $\Omega$ f = 150 Mc/s. Note 8	4.0	IA	PO	1.8	-	-	-	-	-	W
11.3	<u>GROUP E</u>											
	Resonance Search	V <sub>a</sub> = 250V R <sub>L</sub> = 2k $\Omega$ Frequency:- (1) 25-200 c/s (2) 200-500 c/s (3) 500-2500 c/s	2.5	IC		-	-	-	-	-	7 35 150	- mV rms mV rms mV rms
	Fatigue	Note 4. V <sub>h</sub> = 6.5V.		I		-	-	-	-	-	-	
	<u>Post Fatigue Tests</u>											
11.1	h <sub>k</sub> Leakage Current	V <sub>hk</sub> = $\pm$ 100V Note 3	2.5		I <sub>hk</sub>	-	-	-	-	20	-	$\mu$ A
	Reverse Grid Current		2.5		I <sub>g</sub>	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	$\mu$ A
	Mutual Conductance		2.5		gm	1.6	-	-	-	2.65	-	mA/V
11.4	Vibration Noise	As in Group C	2.5		V <sub>a</sub> AC	-	-	-	-	15	-	mV rms
11.1	Shock	Hammer Angle = 30° No voltages.		IA								
	<u>Post Shock Tests</u>											
	h <sub>k</sub> Leakage Current	V <sub>hk</sub> = $\pm$ 100V Note 3	2.5		I <sub>hk</sub>	-	-	-	-	20	-	$\mu$ A
5.3	Reverse Grid Current		2.5		I <sub>g</sub>	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	$\mu$ A
	Mutual Conductance		2.5		gm	1.6	-	-	-	2.65	-	mA/V
	Vibration Noise	As in Group C	2.5		V <sub>a</sub> AC	-	-	-	-	15	-	mV rms
A VI/5	<u>GROUP F</u>											
	Life	V <sub>hk</sub> = 150V D.C. Heater positive Note 9.										
A VI/5.1	<u>Stability Life (1 hour)</u>											
	Change in Mutual Conductance		1.0	I	$\Delta$ gm	-	-	-	-	10	-	%
A VI/5.2	<u>Survival Rate</u> <u>Life (100 hours)</u>											
	Inoperatives		0.65	II								

K1001 Ref.	Test	Test Conditions	AQL %	Insp. Level	Sym- bol	Limits						Units
						Min.	LAL	Bogey	UAL	Max.	ALD	
<u>Intermittent Life</u>												
A VI/5.6  5.3	<u>Test Point 500 hrs.</u>	Combined AQL	6.5	IA								
	Inoperatives		2.5									
	Heater Current		2.5	Ih	1.38	-	-	-	-	162	-	mA
	hk Leakage Current	Vhk = +100V. NOTE 3	2.5	Ihk	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	μA
	Reverse Grid Current		2.5	Ig	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	μA
	Mutual Conductance		2.5	gm	1.6	-	-	-	-	2.65	-	mA/V
	Average Change in Mutual Conductance			Δ gm	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	%
	Anode Current		4.0	Ia	5.5	-	-	-	-	14.5	-	mA
	Electrode Insulation	Vh = 6.3V. Note 1. Vg -all = -100V Va -all = -300V	4.0	R	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ
				R	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	MΩ
A VI/5.6  5.3	<u>Test Point 1000 hrs.</u>	Combined AQL	10									
	Inoperatives		4.0									
	hk Leakage Current	Vhk = +100V. Note 3	4.0	Ihk	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	μA
	Reverse Grid Current		4.0	Ig	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	μA
	Mutual Conductance		4.0	gm	1.5	-	-	-	-	2.65	-	mA/V
	Anode Current		6.5	Ia	5.0	-	-	-	-	14.5	-	mA
A IX/2.5	<u>GROUP G</u>											
	Electrical Re-test after 28 days holding period											
A VI/5.6	Inoperatives		0.5									
	Reverse Grid Current		0.5	Ig	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	μA

NOTES

1. Heater and cathode strapped and considered as a single electrode.

2. Change of mutual conductance is expressed:

$$\frac{(gm \text{ at } 6.3V) - (gm \text{ at } 5.7V)}{(gm \text{ at } 6.3V)} \times 100\%$$

3. Heater positive and negative successively.

4. Valves shall be vibrated in each of the three required planes for not less than 30 hours and not less than 100 hours total. Heater switched 1 minute on 3 minutes off. No other voltages. Minimum peak acceleration = 5g; frequency = 170  $\pm$  5 c/s.

5. The valve shall be mounted so that the direction of vibration is parallel to the minor axis of the mounting structure.

Vibration frequency = any fixed frequency in the range 25-100 c/s.

Minimum peak acceleration = 2g.

The test shall be of sufficient duration to obtain a steady reading of noise output.

6. Alternatively  $V_a(b)$  = 250V;  $R_L$  =  $2k\Omega$ ;  $V_g$  = 0;  $R_k$  =  $810\Omega$ ;  $C_k$  =  $1000 \mu F$ .

7. Prior to this test the valve shall be pre-heated for 5 minutes under the test conditions.  $I_g$  shall not be rising or out of limit after 10 minutes.

Alternative test conditions:  $V_a(b)$  = 250V;  $V_g$  = 0;  $R_k$  =  $810\Omega$  may be used for this test.

8. An average valve shall be set to give  $I_a$  = 25mA by adjusting the load/tank circuit coupling while the load is simultaneously tuned to give maximum power output.

9. Life test conditions.  $V_a$  = 250V;  $V_g$  adjust so that the anode dissipation is 3.45 watts  $\pm$  10%. Cathode Bias may be used.