CV2346/3/A

Specification WOB/CV2346							SECU	RITY
Issue 3 Dated 1.3.57.	Speci	fication	Valve					
To be read in conjunction wi	UNCLASS IF IED UNCLASS IF							
TYPE OF VALVE - Velocity Modwith externs CATHODE - Indirectly Moderns	al cavity reson		ùse					KING 1001/4
PROTOTYPE - VX 5028	leaceu						BA	
							B7	-
	RATING					s	ee BS-448	
		Absolute	Normal	Minimum	Note		CONNEC	TIONS
Heater Voltage	Ef (V)	6.9	6.3	5•7	A	Pin	El	ectrode
Heater Current	If (A)	-	0•65	-		1	Internall	y connected
Resonator Voltage	Ers (V)	ı	300	-	A,B,D	2	Cathode	
Resonator Dissipation Reflector Voltage	Prs (W)	ì	9	-	A,D	3	Internall	y connected
Kellector voltage	E_{Γ} (V)	-500	-100 to	-5 0	B,C	4	1	y connected
R.F. Power Output	Po (mW)	75	50	30	E	5	Heater	
Frequency Range	F (kMc/s)		8.0-10.0		F	6	1	creen (Note H)
Total Impedance in reflector			0.00	4.50	'	7 1C	Heater	
to cathode circuit	Rr (Megohm)	0.25	_	-	G		Reflector Resonator	
Electronic Tuning Range	△F (Mc/s)	-	15	-	E	DISCS	Resolution	
							TUP (CAP
							CT	1
						s	ee BS.448	: 6/1.1.
							DIMEN	SIONS
						See Drawing on Page 5		
							POSITION	
							Any	

NOTES

- A. For maximum life operating conditions $E_{rs} = 300V$, $Ef = 5.8 \pm 0.1V$ are recommended. $E_{rs} = 350V$ will usually give increased power output with about 25% reduction in average life.
- B. The voltages quoted in this Specification are relative to cathode. The valve is normally operated with resonator at earth potential. One side of the heater should preferably be connected to cathode.
- C. For the band 8.5-10.0 kHc/s the 42 cycle reflector mode is used. In this band the reflector voltage is given by the formula

Er = SF - 335 volts.

where F = frequency (kMc/s) and the constant S has a mean value of 55.5. The reflector voltage adjustment should allow for \pm 30V variation from valve to valve. See page 6 for typical reflector characteristics.

- D. The temperature of the valve envelope should not at any point exceed 200°C, nor should that of the external metal parts at any point exceed 150°C. Forced air cooling may be needed if the valve is mounted in a confined space.
- E. With Ers = 300V and 4½ cycle reflector mode in the band 8.5-10.0 kMc/s. The electronic tuning range ΔF is measured between the half power points of the mode, using a $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$ radial-line resonator.
- F. The valve is designed to plug into an external resonator. The frequency coverage and other properties may be modified considerably by the resonator design. Frequencies of 3.0 to 12.0 kHc/s may be obtained, but tests are confined to the band 8.5 to 10.0 kHc/s. For details of the mechanical design and of the valve seating and contact arrangement see Page 5.
- G. If a high impedance reflector supply is used the circuit must include a diode to prevent Er becoming positive.
- H. The cathode screen (g1) should normally be connected to cathode. By applying a negative bias of 100-200V to this electrode it is usually possible to prevent oscillation, but factory tests do not guarantee this; there may be appreciable leakage resistance between this electrode and cathode.

The cottook screin should normally be winnested to the cultrode.

Broll

CV2346/3/B

ELECTRONIC VALVE SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATION MOS/CV2346, ISSUE 3, DATED 1.3.57

AMENDMENT NO. 1

- 1. Page A.
 - (i) Amend "MINISTRY OF SUPPLY-DLRD/RRE" to read "MINISTRY OF AVIATION-DLRD/RRE".
 - (ii) Amend "Specification MOS/CV2346 to read "Specification MOA/CV2346".
- 2. Page B Note H

Delete existing Note H and substitute the following:"H. The cathode screen should normally be connected to the cathode".

3. Page 1 Ratings In Ec1 column, delete "-200 Vmin"

January 1967 (310013) T.V.C. for RRE

MARKUT

ELECTRON TUBE, KLYSTRON, SEPARATE CAVITY, TYPE CV2346

This specification sheet is to be read in conjunction with K1006

Ratings:		A Et	Ec1 Vdc	Ec2/Ec3 Vdc		Vd.		Pi W	TE °C		lt. ft.	
Absolute maxi	mum 6	.9	O	350		- 5	00	16	200	10	,000	
Norm	al 6	•3	0	30 0		-100 t	-300	9				4
Absolute mini	mum 5	•7	200			- 5) , ,					ament 1
Dimensions: Base:	As per out B7G. See		8: B7 G/ 1. 1.			Cath	ode;	Coated unipo	otential.			
Pin No: Element:	1 int.con.	2 K	3 int.con.	4 int-con-	5 h	6 g1	7 h	Lower disc	Upper g ²		Cap r	
Test Conditio	ns - unless	other	wise specifie	d.								
Ef	Eg1	E	rs	Er		1	est Ca	vities	Load			
v	V		٧	V			Note	1	VSHR.			
6.3	0	3	DO Ad ju	st for max	. Po				1.05 m	ax.		
			in	42 cycle m	ode				W.G. No.	. 16		
Qualification	Approval Tes	t.s										
Ref.		Test		2	Cond 1	tions		Mini	mum	Maxim	um	
3.1	Qualification	n App	roval									
K.1005	Carton Drop											
4.9.19.2	Vibration:			No volta	ages.	,						-
K.1001.10	Humidity:			No volta	ages.							(
-	Oscillation	(1):		Test car								~
4-15-1	Power output	:		Note 2				Po:30		75 mW	ľ	~
4.10.7.3.1	Frequency:			Different the	at ma	rked on	ency	ΔF5		50 Mc	/s	
				test car	-							
	Microphony:			Note 3. modulat	ion.			♦ F:		0.5 Mc		
	Shock:			Note 4. 10 ms m uency ch	inim	m. Fre		∆ F: -		3 Mg	/s	
				Power or	utput	change		△Po: -		10%		
4•15•6	Warm-up Time) :		Note 5. Power or min., an within value.	utput nd fr 1 Mc/	of 20 equency s of fi	nal	tw: ~		.90 s		
4•15•5	Temperature	Coeff	icient:	Temperar Differer observed that cal cavity	nce b i coe lcula	etween fficien ted for	t and	<u>dF</u> ; 0 dT)	- 0.08	Mc/°C	K-
4.14.3.2.1	Excess Noise	:		Note 6.		-		ratio:		1		
4-11	Life Test:			Eh = 6.	3 ± 0	•1V Not	e 7	t:2000		- hrs.		-
4.11.4	Life Test Er		nt:	Po as po	ercen	tage of				- %		-
	Oscillation	(2)										
4.15.1	Upper Freque	ency L	lmit:	In appro frequence Power Ou	y 11	:5 10%c/		Po: 1		- nM		

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Acceptance Tests

4.10.8	Ref.	<u>Test</u>	Conditions	Minima	Meximen
Emission: Apris — 15 % Apris — 15 % Apris — 255 V Emission: Apris — 255 V Apris — 2	4-10-8	Heater Current:		H: 600	700 ma ←
Emission: Apower Output: Entrange: Note 2 Po: 30 For and For	4.10.4.8	Resonator Current:	Er = -100V. Test		-
Cavity A. E varied from 5.8 to 6.8V. Qscillation (2): Test Cavity A Note 2 Record Er:-195 Af:- 50 Mc/s. Record F - Mc/s. Record F			Cavity A.	Irs: 22	
Second Proper Compared with rest cavity A April 15		Emission:	Er = -100V. Test		€
4.15.1 Power Output: 4.15.1 Power Output: Electronic Tuning Rate: 4.15.1 Power Output: Electronic Tuning Rate: Er range: Note 9 Compared with max. Po Er = value recorded above. Test cavity A modified to give QL = 600 max. Valve must start oscillating: power output: Note 2 Po: 30 75 mM Record Er:-195 -255 V AF: - 50 Mc/s. Record F - Mc/s. Record F - Mc/s. Record F Mc/s. Record F Mc/s. Record F M			Cavity A.		
Use I lation (2): 4.15.1 Power Output: 4.10.5.4 Reflector Voltage 4.10.7.3.1 Prequency: Electronic Tuning Rate: Electronic Tuning Rate: Er range: Note 9 Compared with max. Po 4.15.1 Oscillation Sink: Er value recorded above. Test cavity A modified to give QL = 600 max. Valve must start oscillating: power output. Note 10. 4.15.1 Power Output: Note 2 Po: 30 75 mM And if it is is in the invalue at Ers = 300V: Oscillation (3) 4.15.1 Power Output: Reflector Voltage Tracking: Compare with value perature from predicted from formula calculated Value: In Note C, using values of Er and F obtained in Osc. (2) to			E varied from 5.8 to		
4.15.1 Power Output: 4.10.7.3.1 Prequency: 4.10.7.3.1 Prequency: Difference of frequency from that marked on test cavity. Electronic Tuning Rate: Er range: Note 9 4.15.1 Power Output: Doscillation Sink: Er value recorded above. Test cavity A modified to give QL = 600 max. Valve must stert oscillating: power output. Note 10. 4.15.1 Power Output Compared with value at Ers = 300V: Oscillation (3) 4.15.1 Power Output: Departure from predicted from formula calculated Value: In Note C, using values of Er and F obtained in Osc. (2) to			6.8V.	∆Irs: -	15 %
4.10.5.4 Reflector Voltage 4.10.7.3.1 Frequency: Difference of frequency from that marked on test cavity. Electronic Tuning Rate: Er range: Note 9 Compared with max. Po 4.15.1 Power Output: Er range: Note 9 Compared with max. Po 4.15.1 Oscillation Sink: Er = value recorded above. Test cavity A modified to give QL = 600 max. Valve must start oscillating: power output. Note 10. Vary Ers from 290-310V 4.15.1 Power Output Compared with value at Ers = 300V: Oscillation (3) 4.10.5.4 Reflector Voltage Tracking: Departure from predicted from formula calculated Value: in Note C, using values of Er and F obtained in Osc. (2) to		Oscillation (2):	Test Cavity A	•	
Difference of frequency from that marked on test cavity. Electronic Tuning Rate: Er range; Note 9 Compared with max. Po Laise of test cavity A modified to give QL = 600 max. Valve must start oscillating: power output. Note 10. Vary Ers from 290-310V value at Ers = 300V: Oscillation (3) Laise of Erlector Voltage Tracking; Departure from Calculated Value: In Note C, using Value at Ers - 60 V Values of Er and F obtained in Osc. (2) to	4.15.1	Power Output:	Note 2	Po: 30	,
Electronic Tuning Rate: Electronic Tuning Rate: Er range; Note 9 Gr : 0.35 O.90 Mc/s/V Fo: 50: - \$ O.90 Mc/s/V Gr : 0.35 O.90 Mc/s/V O.90 Mc/s/C O.90 Mc/s/V O.90 Mc/s/C O.90 Mc/s/C	4.10.5.4	Reflector Voltage	Note 8	Record Er:-195	-255 V
test cavity. Electronic Tuning Rate: Er range; Note 9 GEr : 0.35 Compared with max. Po Compared with max. Po Er = value recorded above. Test cavity A modified to give QL = 600 max. Valve must start oscillating: power output. Note 10. Vary Ers from 290-310V value at Ers = 300V: Oscillation (3) Let Cavity C Note 2 Po: 80 Po: 80 Test Cavity C Note 2 Po: 30 Test Cavity C Moil 10.5-4 Reflector Voltage Tracking; Departure from Calculated Value: in Note C, using values of Er and F obtained in Osc. (2) to	4.10.7.3.1	Frequency:	Difference of frequency	△ F: -	50 Mc/s.
4.15.1 Power Output: Er range: Note 9 Compared with max. Po 4.15.1 Oscillation Sink: Er = value recorded above. Test cavity A modified to give QL = 600 max. Valve must start oscillating: power output. Note 10. 4.15.1 Power Output Compared with value at Ers = 300V: Oscillation (3) Test Cavity C 4.15.1 Power Output: Note 2 Po: 30 75 mW 4.10.5.4 Reflector Voltage Tracking; Departure from Calculated Value: in Note C, using values of Er and F obtained in Osc. (2) to			******	Record F -	- Mc/s.
Compared with max. Po 4.15.1 Oscillation Sink: Er = value recorded Po: 1 - m/ above. Test cavity A modified to give QL = 600 max. Valve must start oscillating: power output. Note 10. Vary Ers from 290-310V value at Ers = 300V: Oscillation (3) Test Cavity C 4.15.1 Power Output: Note 2 Po: 30 75 mW 4.10.5.4 Reflector Voltage Tracking; Compare with value Departure from predicted from formula Calculated Value: in Note C, using		Electronic Tuning Rate:	Er range; Note 9	$\frac{dF}{dEr}$: 0.35	0.90 Mc/s/V
above. Test cavity A modified to give QL = 600 max. Valve must start oscillating: power output. Note 10. 4.15.1 Power Output Compared with vary Ers from 290-310V value at Ers = 300V: Oscillation (3) Test Cavity C 4.15.1 Power Output: Note 2 Po: 30 75 mW 4.10.5.4 Reflector Voltage Tracking; Compare with value Departure from predicted from formula Calculated Value: in Note C, using AEr: - 6 V 4.10.5.4 Values of Er and F obtained in Osc. (2) to	4.15.1	Power Output:		Po: 50;	- %
value at Ers = 300V: Oscillation (3) 4.15.1 Power Output: Note 2 Po: 30 75 mW Reflector Voltage Tracking; Compare with value Departure from predicted from formula Calculated Value: in Note C, using values of Er and F obtained in Osc. (2) to	4.15.1	Oscillation Sink:	above. Test cavity A modified to give QL = 600 max. Valve must start oscillating: power output. Note 10.	Po: 1	- 164 -
Oscillation (3) 4.15.1 Power Output: Note 2 Po: 30 75 mW 4.10.5.4 Reflector Voltage Tracking; Compare with value Departure from predicted from formula Calculated Value: in Note C, using AEr: - 6 V values of Er and F obtained in Osc. (2) to	4.15.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Vary Ers from 290-310V		
4.15.1 Power Output: Note 2 Po: 30 75 mW 4.10.5.4 Reflector Voltage Tracking; Compare with value predicted from formula calculated Value: in Note C, using AEr: 6 V values of Er and F obtained in Osc. (2) to				Po: 80	120 %
4.10.5.4 Reflector Voltage Tracking; Compare with value Departure from predicted from formula Calculated Value: in Note C, using	1 45 4		•		
Departure from predicted from formula Calculated Value: in Note C, using		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Po: 30	75 mW -
Calculated Value: in Note C, using △Er: - 6 V ← values of Er and F obtained in Osc. (2) to	44104594	,	•		
values of Er and F obtained in Osc. (2) to		-		A Pm	. ()
obtained in Osc. (2) to		Calculated value;	• -	Det.:	0 1
• •					
			• •		
parameter S.					
4.10.6.7.1 Total Reflector Current: Ir: - 4 MA	4-10-6-7-1	Total Reflector Current:	Pre-cent out Da	Tr	1:11A C
4.10.7.3.1 Frequency: Difference of ΔF : 50 Mc/s.			Difference of		•
frequency from that	451001000				, 110/D.
marked on Test Cavity			•		

Notes

1. The valve shall be tested in fixed-tuned ½ λ radial-line cavities having a fixed iris coupling into waveguide W_oC_o No_o 16. The cavities shall be similar to the reference cavities supplied by the Approving Authority, which shall be used only for testing the performance of the test cavities. The nominal characteristics of the test cavities are:-

<u>Cavity</u>	Frequency, kic/s	Loaded Q. (QL)
A	10.1	850
В	9•35	670
C	8.5	670

The resonant frequency shall be clearly and indelibly marked on each test cavity and shall not differ by more than 100 Mc/s from the appropriate value above. The frequency shall be determined by measuring the frequency of oscillation of at least four valves in the test cavity and in the appropriate reference cavity; the frequency is defined as the value marked on the reference cavity plus or minus the average difference observed. The measurements shall be made after warming up of the valve and cavity to a frequency within 2 Mc/s of its steady value.

The loaded Q of each cavity shall not differ from that of the appropriate reference cavity by more than 5%. This is verified if the average minimum values of dF for the sample valves in both test

and reference cavities do not differ by more than 3%.

Power output limits are defined for a test cavity with an unloaded Q of 2000. The actual limits
used shall be corrected according to the formula

Revised power limit = nominal limit x
$$\frac{1}{QL} - \frac{1}{QU}$$

 $\frac{1}{QL} - \frac{1}{2000}$

where QL = loaded Q value given in Note 1.

and QU = unloaded Q value for test cavity used.

The unloaded Q values for reference cavities will be given by the Approving Authority. The power limit correction factor for test cavities may be determined by measuring the power output of at least four values in both the test and an appropriate reference cavity. The average ratio of powers multiplied by the reference cavity correction factor gives the test cavity correction factor.

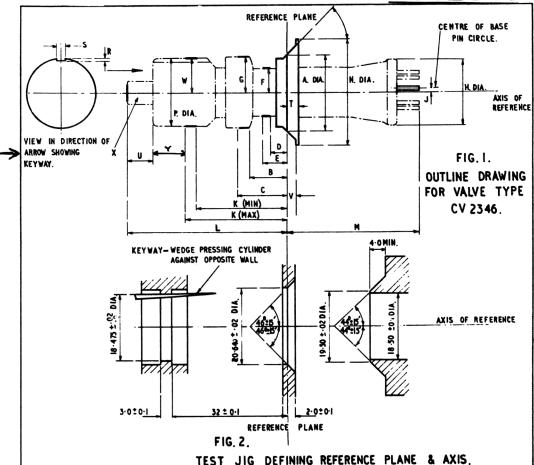
- 3. The valve shall be mounted close to the mouth of a moving coil loudspeaker on a 4 ft. square baffle. The loudspeaker shall be driven with 20 watts of noise having a substantially smooth spectrum from 50 to 5000 c/s.
- 4. The test shall be repeated with the shock directed along the major axis and in two mutually perpendicular directions normal to the major axis. Power output and frequency shall be measured before, during and after impact.

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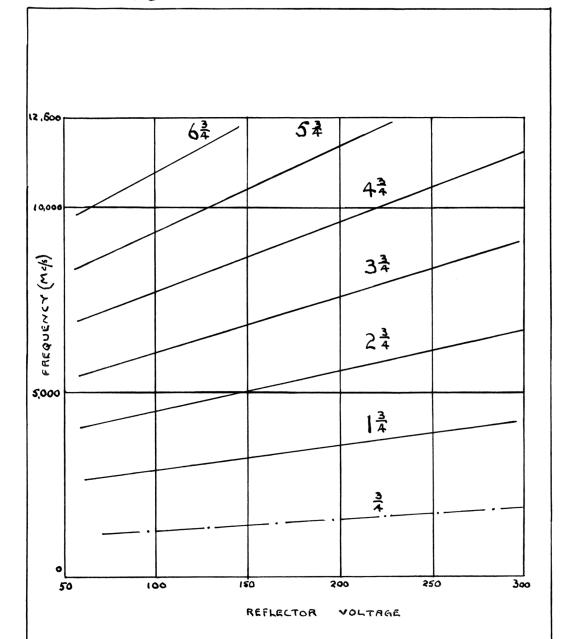
- 5. The time shall be measured from the application of heater voltage. For the frequency measurement the resonator shall have been in use before the test for a period sufficient to reach thermal equilibrium.
- 6. The increase in noise temperature ratio due to oscillator noise shall be measured at an intermediate frequency of 45 Mc/s. using an image-matched mixer having a conversion loss of 6 db., operating with an input of 1 mW from the oscillator.
- 7. The valve to be inserted in a typical cavity in thermal connection with a heat sink and with free air circulation. A sample of at least six valves shall be tested; Qualification Approval may be granted providing the average of the lives is not less than 2000 hours.
- 8. The reflector voltage limits shall be adjusted at the rate of 1V per 18 Mc/s deviation of the oscillation frequency from 10.1 kMc/s.
- 9. Vary Er by ± 12V about the mean of values giving half maximum power. Test limits apply over the full range of ± 12V. Electronic tuning rate may be measured by dynamic means providing results agree with point-by-point measurements. The value of dF used in measuring dF shall not exceed 500 Kc/s.
- 10. A special test cavity may be used with modified coupling iris. Alternatively a stub may be inserted in the coupling section of a test cavity type A, within 3 cms. of the load side of the iris, with dimensions chosen to give the required QL. The value of QL may be checked as in Note 1; the average ratio of the values of dF obtained with at least four valves shall be not less than QL, where QL is dEr

the value marked on the reference cavity.

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SYMBOL	DIM (MM)	TOLER .	REMARKS	SYMBOL	DIM. (MM)	TOLERE.	
A	20.64		CIRCLE OF CONTACT BETWEEN CONE	P	18:30	. 163	OVER EXPOLE LENGTH OF
В	(·8125)cm	MAX.	AND CAVILL.	R	· 825	201	APPLIES OVER YOMLY
С	13-6	MIN.		s	2-25	201	SLOT IN LINE WITH MIDDLE OF GAP IN BASE PINS ±10.
D	4.5	MAX.		T	3·0 3·5	MIN. MAX.	
E	6.5	MIN,		U	7·0 8·0	MIN. MAX.	
F	7.0		BETWEEN DIM. D & E.	٧	2.52	MIN.	
G	9·34 9·71	MIN. MAX.	BETWEEN DIM. B & C. (See *)	W	9 · 37	MAX.	
н	18-4	MAX,		X			TOP CAP-CTI - CORFORMS TO BS. 448: 1953 SECTION 6/1, 1,
J	1.0	MAX	ECCENTRICITY OF CENTRE OF BTG BASE PIN CIRCLE RELATIVE TO AXIS OF REFERENCE.	Y	9.0	•	
K	25·0	MIN. MAX.					
L	44·0 47·5	M M. MAX.		0	45°		
М	36 · 5 41 · 5	MIN. MAX.					
N	28.7	MAX.					



REFLECTOR MODES FOR RESONATOR VOLTAGE . 300 V