VALVE ELECTRONIC

CV 2208

GENERAL POST OFFICE: E-IN-C (S)

Specification: GPO/CV2208/Issue 2	SECURITY		
Dated: November 1960	Specification	Valve	
To be read in conjunction with K 1001	Unclassified	Unclassified	

----- indicates a change

YFE OF VALVE: Cold-Cathode Voltage Stabiliser ATHODE: Cold INVELOPE: Unmetallised glass PROTOTYPE G50/2G			MARKING CV 2208 Code date of manufacture Factory identification code	
Rating			Note	Base See drawing on page 3.
Max. Striking Voltage Nom. Maintaining Voltage D.C. operating current continuous	(V) (V) us (mA)	90 54 0.3 to		Connexions See drawing on page 3.
Regulation 0.3 to 1.0 mA	(V)	3.0 ± 1.5		<u>Dimensions</u> See drawing on page 3.
	1	Notes		<u></u>

CV 2208

TESTS

To be performed in addition to those applicable in K 1001

Test Condition A D.C. voltage not exceeding 45 volts shall be applied between anode and cathode, (anode positive) and increased steadily	Test	Min.	Max.	Tested	Note
volts shall be applied between anode and cathode, (anode					
at a rate not exceeding 25 volts per second until the valve strikes.	Breakdown Voltage (volts)	-	90	1 00%	1,2,3
The applied voltage shall be adjusted until the cathode current is:-	Maintaining voltage				
(1) 3 mA	(1) W2 Wolts	-	60	100%	1,2,3,
(2) 1 mA (3) 0.3 mA	(2) V3 Volts (3) V4 Volts	48 -	-		4
) Difference between:-	Regulation				
(1) Voltages measured in tests b(1) and b(2)	(1) V2-V3 (Volts)	0	+2.0	100%	1,2,3
(2) Voltages measured in tests b(2) and b(3)	(2) V3-V4 (Volts)	-1. 5	+1 •5		
	per second until the valve strikes. The applied voltage shall be adjusted until the cathode current is:- (1) 3 mA (2) 1 mA (3) 0.3 mA Difference between:- (1) Voltages measured in tests b(1) and b(2) (2) Voltages measured in tests	per second until the valve strikes. The applied voltage shall be adjusted until the cathode current is:- (1) 3 mA (2) 1 mA (3) 0.3 mA (3) V4 Volts (4) Voltages measured in tests b(1) and b(2) (2) Voltages measured in tests (2) V3-V4 Regulation (1) V2-V3 (Volta)	per second until the valve strikes. The applied voltage shall be adjusted until the cathode current is:- (1) 3 mA (2) 1 mA (3) 0.3 mA (3) V4 Volts - (1) Voltages measured in tests b(1) V2-V3 b(1) and b(2) (2) Voltages measured in tests (2) V3-V4 -1.5	per second until the valve strikes. The applied voltage shall be adjusted until the cathode current is:- (1) 3 mA (2) 1 mA (3) 0.3 mA (3) V4 Volts (4) V2-V3 (5) 0.1 and b(2) (2) Voltages measured in tests (3) V3-V4 (4) V2-V3 (5) V2-V3 (7) V2-V3 (8) V3-V4 (9) V3-V4 (1) V2-V3 (1) V2-V3 (1) V2-V3 (2) V3-V4 (2) V3-V4 (3) V3-V4 (4) V3-V4 (5) V3-V4 (6) V3-V4 (7) V3-V4 (8) V3-V4 (8) V3-V4 (9) V3-V4 (9) V3-V4 (9) V3-V4 (1) V3-V4 (2) V3-V4 (3) V4-V5 (4) V3-V4 (4) V3-V4 (5) V3-V4 (7) V3-V4 (8) V3-V4 (9) V	per second until the valve strikes. The applied voltage shall be adjusted until the cathode current is:- (1) 3 mA (2) 1 mA (3) 0.3 mA (3) V4 Volts (4) V2-V3 (5) Difference between:- (1) Voltages measured in tests (2) V3-V4 Regulation (1) V2-V3 (2) Voltages measured in tests (2) V3-V4 -1.5 +1.5

- Note 1. For all tests a protective resistance of 100,000 chms shall be connected in series with the anode.
- Note 2. The voltages specified in all tests shall be measured directly across the valve.
- Note 3. The ripple content of the D.C. supply for all tests shall not exceed 0.5 per cent.
- Note 4. During this test, there shall be no discharge on the outside of the cathode or on the stem leads.

