## VALVE ELECTRONIC C.V. 2107

## GENERAL POST OFFICE: E-IN-C (S)

| Specification: G.P.O./CV 2107/ Issue 3                     | SECURITY      |              |  |
|--|---------------|--------------|--|
| Dated: November 1952                                       | Specification | <u>Valve</u> |  |
| To be read in conjunction with K 1001 ignoring Clause 5.2. | Unclassified  | Unclassified |  |

indicates a change

| CATHODE: D ENVELOPE: U  | Sub-miniature pentode<br>Directly heated<br>Numetallised glass<br>DF 66; XFW 20    |   |             | MARKING  CV 2107  Code date of manufacture  Factory identification code                       |
|---|--|---|-------------|---|
| RATING  |  | NOTE  | BASE<br>B5A |   |
| Filament voltag Nominal filamen Max. anode volt Max. screen vol Mutual conducta Anode impedance Optimum anode 1 Nominal voltage Max. cathode cu CAPACITANCES (p  (Unscreene C ag C in C out | t current (mA) age (V) tage (V) moe (mA/V) (megohms) ead (megohms) gain mrent (MA) | 0.625<br>15.0<br>45.0<br>45.0<br>100.0<br>2.0<br>1.0<br>32.5<br>100 | A<br>A      | (See drawing on Page 3)  CONNEXIONS  See drawing on page 3  DIMENSIONS  See drawing on page 3 |

## NOTE

A. Measured with Va = Vg2 = 22.5 and Vg1 = -0.625

A sharp bend must not be made in any valve lead closer than 1.5 mm to the glass seal and soldered joints in the leads must not be made closer than 5.0mm to the seal.

To be performed in addition to those applicable in K 1001

|   | TEST ( | CONDITI | ONS    | TEST                |               | LIMITS |        | No.                   |
|---|--------|---------|--------|---------------------|---------------|--------|--------|-----------------------|
|   | ٧f     | Vht     | f(c/s) |                     |               | Min.   | Max.   | Tested                |
| а | 0.625  | _       | _      | If                  | (mA)          | 13.5   | 16.0   | 100%                  |
| ъ | 0.55   | 20      | 50     | Gain (Note 2)       | (db)          | 27     |        | 100%                  |
| c | 0.55   | 20      | 50     | Gain (Note 2)       | (db)          | Note 4 |        | Samp-<br>ling<br>Test |
| đ | 0.55   | 20      | 1000   | Gain (Note 2)       | (db)          | Note 5 |        | Samp-<br>ling<br>Test |
| e | 0.75   | 20      | 50     | Gain (Note 2)       | (db)          | 27     |        | 10<br>per<br>week     |
| ſ | 0.55   | 30      | 50     | Gain (Note 2)       | ( <b>q</b> p) | Note 6 |        | 10<br>per<br>week     |
| g | 0.75   | 30      | _      | Microphony (Note 3) |               |        | Note 3 | 100%                  |

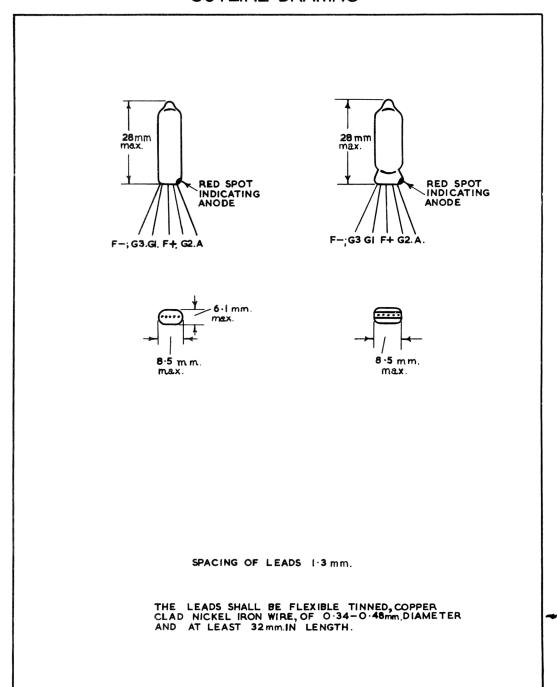
#### NOTES

- 1. The equipment used for testing is to be approved by G.P.O.
- 2. Tested in Test Circuit shown on page 4.
- 3. The input terminals of the test circuit shown on page 4 shell be short circuited and the output terminals shall be connected to an amplifier having an input impedance greater than 50 Hegolms. The amplifier shell have a gain which does not vary more than ± 2 db ever a frequency range from 800 to 4,000 c.p.s. but outs off sharply above 4,000 c.p.s. The response may fall by 3 db at 600 c.p.s. but not more than 6 db per commare below that. The output of the amplifier shall be connected to a meter having a movement with a period of not less than 3 seconds and not greater than 5 seconds and an over-swing of approximately 15% when connected to the amplifier. The amplifier shall have such a gain that an input of 100 m V R.M.S. at approximately 1,000 c.p.s. will give a full scale deflection on the output meter.

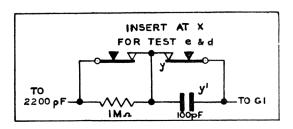
The valve shall be tested for microphony by tapping it steadily with a rubber headed mallet at a rate of approximately 5 times per second in such a direction and position on the valve that the greatest possible sustained microphony response is excited as indicated on the meter. The valve shall be rejected if the meter reading can be maintained at a value exceeding that corresponding to an input of 25mV R.M.S. at approximately 1,000 c.p.s. (A suggested mallet for tapping the valve is an ordinary lead pencil fitted at one end with a sleeve of india rubber approximately \( \frac{1}{2} \) thick).

- 4. With 1.0 H A inserted in series with 2,200 pF capacitance in input circuit, the gain to be within 0.7 db of the gain obtained in Test b.
- With 100 pF inserted in series with 2,200 pF capacitance in input circuit, the gain to be within 1.7 db of the gain obtained without the 100 pF inserted.
- 6. To be not less than 2 db more than the gain obtained in test b.

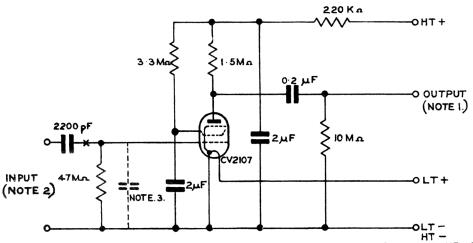
# PIN CONNEXIONS & OUTLINE DRAWING







### TEST CIRCUIT



- NOTES:- I. OUTPUT IS MEASURED BETWEEN OUTPUT TERMINAL & HT- BY MEANS OF A HIGH IMPEDANCE FULL WAVE VOLTMETER INDICATING AVERAGE VALUES.
  - 2. INPUT NOT GREATER THAN 50 m V.
  - 3. FOR TEST & THE STRAY CAPACITANCE, SHOWN DOTTED, WITH VALVE REMOVED AND CIRCUIT BROKEN AT Y & Y (SEE INSET) TO BE BUILT UP TO 12 pF