

8BQ7-A
MEDIUM-MU TWIN TRIODE

Low-Noise 9-Pin Miniature Type
for Driven Grounded-Grid Circuits

Tentative Data

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

| | | |
|------------------------------|-----|-------|
| Voltage (AC or DC) | 8.4 | Volts |
| Current | 0.3 | amp |

Direct interelectrode Capacitances: /

| | Unit No. 1 | Unit No. 2 | |
|---|------------|------------|-----|
| Grid to Plate | 1.15 | 1.15 | uuf |
| Input | 2.85 | - | uuf |
| Input (Grounded Grid) | - | 4.95 | uuf |
| Output | 1.35 | - | uuf |
| Output (Grounded Grid) | - | 2.27 | uuf |
| Plate to Cathode | 0.15 max. | 0.15 max. | uuf |
| Heater to Cathode | 2.20 | 2.30 | uuf |
| Plate of Unit No. 1 to Plate of Unit No. 2 | 0.010 max. | | uuf |
| Plate of Unit No. 2 to Plate & Grid of Unit No. 1 | 0.024 max. | | uuf |

Mechanical:

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Mounting Position | any |
| Maximum Overall Length | 2-3/16" |
| Maximum Seated Length | 1-15/16" |
| Maximum Diameter | 7/8" |
| Bulb | T-6-1/2 |
| Base | Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JETEC No.E9-1) |

AMPLIFIER - Class A

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

| | | | |
|--|------|------|-------|
| PLATE VOLTAGE | 250* | max. | volts |
| PLATE DISSIPATION | 2 | max. | watts |
| CATHODE CURRENT | 20 | max. | ma |
| PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE: | | | |
| Heater negative with respect to cathode | 200* | max. | volts |

from JETEC release # 1490, July 5, 1955

sponsor: Compagnie Industrielle Francaise / des Tubes Electroniques

Heater positive with respect
to cathode 200 max. volts

Characteristics;

| | | |
|---|------|-------|
| Plate Voltage | 150 | volts |
| Cathode-Bias Resistor | 220 | ohms |
| Amplification Factor | 39 | |
| Plate Resistance | 6100 | ohms |
| Transconductance | 6400 | umhos |
| Plate Current | 9 | ma |
| Grid Volts (Approx.) for plate current of 10 uamp. | -10 | volts |

Typical Operation in Push-Pull Grounded-Grid Circuit:

Values are for Each Unit

| | | |
|---|-----|-------|
| Plate Voltage | 150 | volts |
| Grid Voltage** | -2 | volts |
| Cathode Resistor (Common to both units) | 100 | ohms |
| Plate Current | 10 | ma |

Typical Operation in Grounded-Grid Circuit with Direct-Coupled Drive:

Unit No. 1 (driver tube) is directly coupled to Unit No. 2
(driven grounded-grid amplifier tube) as shown in accompany-
ing circuit.

| | Unit No.1 | Unit No.2 | |
|--|-----------|-----------|--------|
| Plate Supply Voltage | 250 | 250 | volts |
| Plate Voltage | 135 | 115 | volts |
| Grid Voltage | -1 | - | volt |
| Grid Resistor | - | 0.5 | megohm |
| Plate Current | 10 | 10 | ma |
| Grid Current | 0 | 0 | ma |
| Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate current of 10 uamp. | -14 | - | volts |
| Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage; Heater negative with respect to cathode | 1 | 250 | volts |

Maximum Circuit Values (Each Unit):

| | | |
|-------------------------|----------|--------|
| Grid-Circuit Resistance | 0.5 max. | megohm |
|-------------------------|----------|--------|

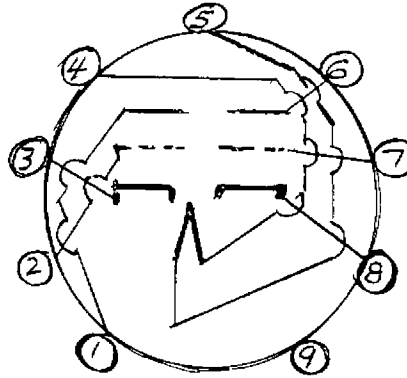
* Under cutoff conditions, in grounded-grid circuits with direct-coupled drive, it is permissible for this voltage to be as high as 300 volts.

** Obtained from cathode resistor.

⚡ According to RTMA Standard ET-109-A with external shield No.315.

SOCKET CONNECTIONS

Bottom View



9AJ

Pin 1: Plate of Triode No. 2
Pin 2: Grid of Triode No. 2
Pin 3: Cathode of Triode No. 2
Pin 4: Heater

Pin 5: Heater
Pin 6: Plate of Triode No.1
Pin 7: Grid of Triode No.1
Pin 8: Cathode of Triode No.1

Pin 9: Internal Shield