

MINISTRY OF SUPPLY (S.R.D.E.)

Specification: MOS/CV80/Issue 3 Dated: 21.4.48 To be read in conjunction with K1001 ignoring clauses 5.8 to 7.2.	<u>SECURITY</u>	
	<u>Specification</u> Restricted	<u>Valve</u> Unclassified

→ indicates a change

<u>TYPE OF VALVE</u> : - Klystron		<u>MARKING</u>	
<u>CATHODE</u> : - Indirectly Heated		See K1001/4	
<u>ENVELOPE</u> : - Glass metal, water cooled.			
<u>PROTOTYPE</u> : - VFO1			
<u>RATING</u>		Note	<u>BASE</u> 5 amp. 3-pin
Heater voltage (V)	4.0		<u>Pin</u> <u>Electrode</u>
Heater current (A)	5.0		1 Heater/cathode
Max. anode voltage (KV)	6.0		2 Heater
Mean anode current (mA)	250		3 Grid
Max. input power C.W (KW)	2.0		Metal
Power output (W)	100		Body Anode
Grid volts - normal	zero		
Grid volts oscillation cut-off	-200	A	<u>DIMENSIONS</u> See Fig. 3, page 5.
Wavelength (cms)	6.95		
Anode voltage range for oscillation (KV)	5.7 to 6.3	B	
Cooling flow (min. litres per minute)	1.5		
<u>NOTES</u>			
A. Matching adjusted for maximum output at zero grid volts.			
B. These figures are normal operational range and do not relate to voltage limits for oscillation cut-off.			

TESTS

To be performed in addition to those applicable in K1001

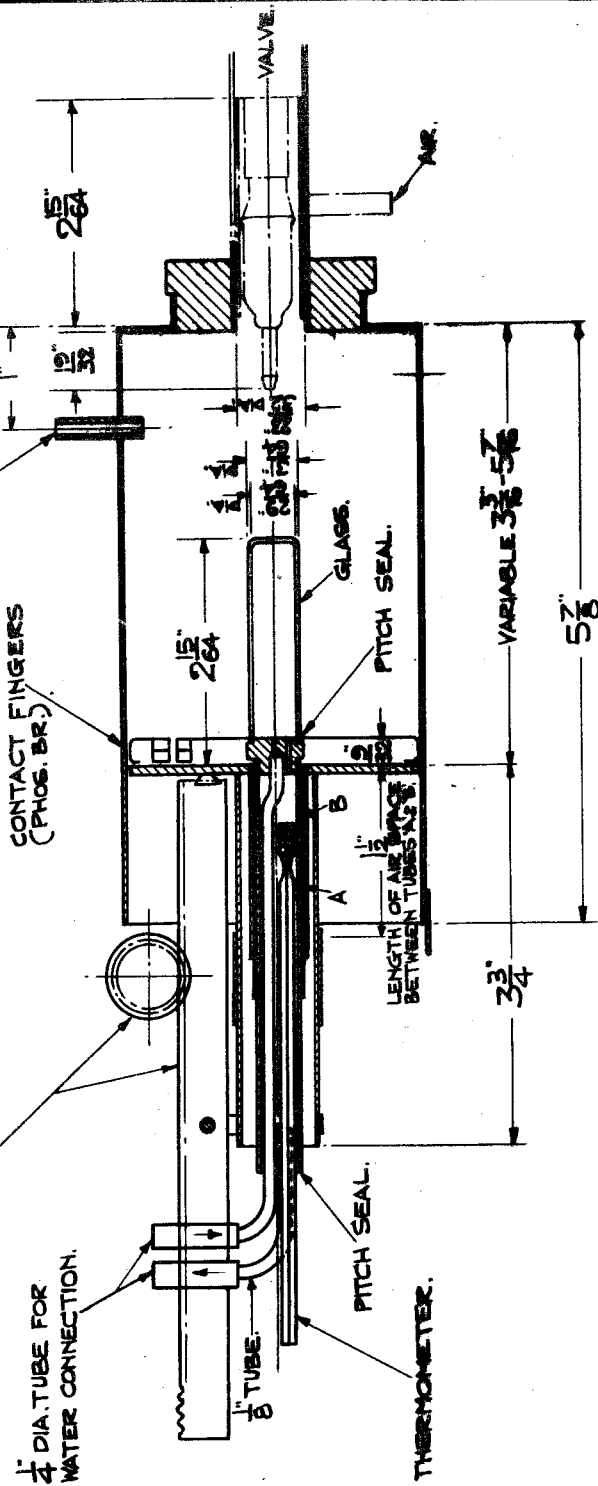
	Test Conditions			Test	Limits		No. Tested	Notes
					Min	Max		
a	Vh	Va	Vg	G-C insulation (MΩ)	1.0	-	100%	
Test voltage 20 (min)								
b	4.0	-	-	Ih (A)	4.0	6.0	100% or S	
c	4.0	6000	0	Ia (mA)	180	300	100%	1
d	4.0	6000	0	λ (cm)	6.8	7.1	100%	1
e	4.0	6000	0	Power output (W)	80	300	10% (5)	1,2,3.
f	4.0	6000	Vg=0.50% of time Vg=-Vgx 50% of time.	Vg for oscillation cut-off IRF50-500 c.p.s.			10% (5)	1,3,4.
				With Vgx > 400 adjust matching until oscillation is just maintained in the positive cycle. Reduce Vgx to such a value that oscillation is just maintained in the negative cycle.				
				Hysteresis loop length (V)		300		
g	Vh	Va	Vg	Ig	Backlash (Va applied through 100,000 ohms) Read Ia when stable (μA)		100%	1,5.
	4.0	-50	Vary +ve	5.0 (mA)				
g (a)	4.0	-50	open circuit		Read leakage Ia (μA)	Record		
g (b)	Subtract values found in g and g(a).			Ion current (μA)	-	15		

1. Apply heater voltage for 1 minute before application of anode voltage or grid voltage in test 'g'.
2. Power output measured by means of probe calorimeter in conjunction with Eo waveguide (see Fig. 1, page 4).
3. Ripple on Va not to exceed ± 100 volts peak.
4. This variation may be obtained by use of the circuit shown in Fig. 2, page 4, S1 being a contact breaker driven by an electric motor or other suitable means. The D.C. volt meter (V) may be used to set the contact breaker so that it is open (or closed) for 50% of the time, by making the mean reading with the breaker running, 50% that with the breaker closed.
5. The tubes shall be re-tested for gas after a period of at least 7 days. The tubes shall not be operated between the completion of Test 'g' and this re-test. The tubes shall not show a marked increase in ion current on re-test. Any tubes showing a marked increase in ion current shall be held for a further period of 7 days and shall be the subject of consultation before acceptance or rejection.

CRYSTAL DETECTOR PROBE
INSERTED HERE

MATCHING ADJUSTMENT
BY RACK & PINION.

$\frac{1}{4}$ " DIA. TUBE FOR
WATER CONNECTION.



NOTE:- TO BE MADE FROM BRASS OR COPPER
EXCEPT WHERE SPECIFIED.
DRG. NOT TO SCALE.
WATER FLOW - 6CC./SEC. APPROX.

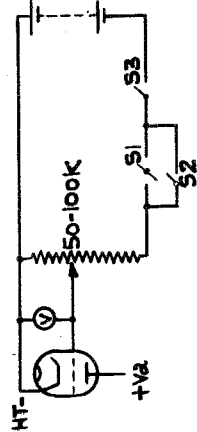


FIG. 2.

